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The Edmonton Capital

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Vol. 2. EIGHT PAGES. EDMONTON, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 25, 1911. WEATHER—Fine and decidedly cold. No. 36.

F. M. MORGAN, PRESIDENT 1911 BOARD OF TRADE

Retiring President McGeorge Deliveres Optimistic Address, Forecasting Year of Prosperity—Deplores Cancellation of McMurray Road

Viewing with deep regret the failure of the provincial government to carry forward a policy of railway development from Edmonton to Fort McMurray, Jas. McGeorge, retiring president of the Edmonton board of trade, in his address to the annual meeting of the board yesterday, called attention to the serious retardment of Edmonton's progress, which the action of the government in cancelling the road to the north.

Mr. McGeorge also took occasion to point out another serious aspect of the railway situation, in the fact that the C. N. R. had applied for a charter to build a road in from Prince Albert and North Battleford to Fort McMurray, a road which will naturally divert all the great trade of the north country to the eastward. Mr. McGeorge also deplored the fact that nothing had yet been accomplished towards the construction of railroads into the Peace river country, and that the Strathcona-Camrose cut-offs, so long promised, had not yet been constructed.

Warning to Real Estate Men

Mr. McGeorge further sounded a stiff note of warning against the placing of subdivisions upon the market which, he said, could have only farm values for some years to come.

Aside from his regret that Edmonton had not received the railway development during the year that had promised at the beginning of the season, Mr. McGeorge's address was one of the most optimistic ever delivered before the board. In it, he reflected the immense prosperity that the city had felt in practically all lines of business during the year, and forecasted even greater prosperity for 1911.

F. M. Morgan President

F. M. Morgan, one of the prominent wholesale men of the city, succeeds Mr. McGeorge as president, being elected yesterday by acclamation, together with the other following officers.

Vice-president, W. H. Clark; second vice, H. M. Martin; third vice, S. H. Smith.

Chairman standing committees—Promotion of industrial and commercial enterprise, W. H. Clarke; of transportation, J. C. Dowsett; of civic interests, S. W. Candy; of publicity, F. T. Fisher; of entertainment, R. M. McGowan; of natural resources, A. G. Harrison.

Conveners of sections—Wholesale, H. H. Cooper; retail, W. J. Jackson; manufacturers, A. W. Challand; financial, A. C. Fra-

(Continued on Page Four.)

COUNCIL WILL DISCUSS GRAVITY WATER SCHEME

COMMISSIONER BOUILLION AND POWER HOUSE SUPERINTENDENT DISAGREE—CAPITAL ESTIMATES SUBMITTED PROVIDE EXPENDITURE OF $1,223,800

WHAT COUNCIL DID.

Decided to make application to Dominion Government for power rights on Athabasca river.

Passed current estimates totalling $399,155.

Received estimates of capital expenditure totalling $1,500,000.

Appointed committee to meet Fire Chief Ingledson with view to retaining his services.

Declined to extend water services to West Edmonton, or electric light cable to residents outside city limits.

Granted $200 to Children's Aid society to meet current needs.

Differences between the public utilities commissioner and the power house superintendent suggested by a minority report presented to the council last evening by Commissioner Bouillion, on the question of the proposed visit to eastern cities of Engineer Latornell and Superintendents Ormsby and McNaughton. The majority report recommends that these three heads of departments be sent east to gather information as to the experiences of the larger cities in electric lighting and power and pumping plants. Commissioner Bouillion's minority report reads as follows:

"Since the commissioners' action of Jan. 20, mentioned in the above report, I have concluded that I cannot recommend that the present power house superintendent be sent on a trip of investigation."

The report was tabled last evening, and will be discussed by the council at a later date. Com. Bouillion did not elaborate upon his objection to the inclusion of Supt. McNaughton in the delegation, and no explanation was asked for by the council. Reference is made in the report signed by Mayor Armstrong and Com. Butchart to "division of opinion as to when would be the proper time to send the officials east to obtain information?" It was eventually decided to ask the council to decide whether the superintendents should be sent at this time, before bids are received.

Capital estimates for the year, as submitted to the council last evening, provide for the expenditure of $1,223,800 apart from the power house extensions, the cost of which will depend upon the style of machinery which it is decided to install. These eight alternative plans, four for the extension of the power plant, and four for the extension of the pumping plant, entailed the submission of estimates ranging from $161,130 to $308,830. The total capital expenditure will thus not fall short of $1,300,000, while it may amount to no less than $1,500,000.

The street railway estimate as revised is much larger than had been anticipated. It

(Continued on Page Four.)

SIX IMPORTANT BYLAWS TO BE VOTED UPON THURSDAY

PROVIDE SUMS FOR PROJECTS WHICH LOOK TOWARDS DEVELOPMENT OF GREATER EDMONTON—$175,000 FOR EXHIBITION, AND $164,000 EAST END BRIDGE

WHERE TO VOTE TOMORROW.

Poll No. 1—At 1128 Jasper west, for burgesses who qualify in respect to property west of Ninth street. Wm. Marshall assistant D. R. O.

Poll No. 2—127 Jasper avenue west, for burgesses who qualify in respect to property lying west of First street to Ninth street, and in river lot 4. E. Chamberlain, assistant D. R. O.

Poll No. 3—City hall Fraser avenue, for burgesses whose qualification is in respect to property lying east of First street and south of Clark street, except river lot 4. W. D. McPhail, assistant D. R. O.

Poll No. 4—1236 Kinistino avenue, for burgesses qualifying in respect to property east of First street and north of Clark street. Geo. V. Osborne, assistant D. R. O.

Edmonton ratepayers are being asked tomorrow to vote upon six important by-laws, totalling $556,200.

There is not the least expectation that any of these bylaws will be defeated. They are all important and necessary to the development of the greater Edmonton. Opposition has developed to only one of the bylaws, and that is one which provides $164,000 for the construction of the east end bridge. The opposition has been raised on the question of the site of the bridge, and has all been fairly well explained away, on the ground that the site selected by the city is the most feasible and the most economical, besides being the one that will place Clover Bar farmers in most direct communication with the city.

The Exhibition By-law

The exhibition bylaw, providing $175,000 for improvements on the new exhibition grounds, is one which has been attracting a good deal of favorable attention. Edmonton is proud of its new exhibition grounds, and has reason to be. They are the finest in western Canada, and among the finest in all Canada. The sum named in the bylaw will provide for the construction among other things of a $100,000 stock pavilion, and a large manufacturers hall. With the construction of the stock pavilion, Edmonton will have one of the most modern exhibition parks on the American continent, not excluding Toronto, for Toronto has no such accommodation for stock as Edmonton will possess when the stock pavilion has reared its proportions on the new grounds.

The directors of the Edmonton exhibition are planning this year for the biggest exhibition ever held in the west. They are offering more prize money, they will have bigger attractions than ever. They will hold a spring stock show for which they are offering big prizes.

Edmonton business men with one accord favor the passing of this bylaw. They are heartily in sympathy with the big work that the exhibition directors are doing.

To the Capital yesterday, retiring president Jas. McGeorge of the board of trade, supplied the Capital with two of the most

(Continued on Page Eight.)

DEMAND FOR PHONES INCREASING DAILY

Plant Has Doubled in Two Years —Will Install 1200 Telephones This Year

Installation of the 500 line addition to the automatic telephone plant has been completed, and the city exchange has now a total capacity of 3000 telephones. The numerous applicants for new lines, who have been unable to obtain a service for some weeks past, owing to the fact that all the available lines were in use, are now being equipped with automatic installations.

The heavy demand for automatic telephones in Edmonton has necessitated two additions to the plant within the past year. In the spring of 1910 the capacity of the exchange was 200 lines. This was increased by a 500-line addition last spring and shortly after the completion of this the increase in subscribers made it evident that a second addition would be required almost immediately.

The addition which is now available must be provided for out of this year's capital estimates. Another 500 addition is to be made this summer, and the cost of the installation of the 1000 new lines will be $29,420. Before the fall of this year the capacity of the exchange will be no less than 3500 lines.

The largest individual item in the estimates of the telephone department for the year 1911, is $31,383, the laying of conduits and the provisions of underground cable to serve the city north of the railway tracks. The nature of this work was described in The Capital of a recent date.

In the east end of the city south of the tracks there will be a heavy outlay, and the cost of new conduits and cable installation, and general extensions, is estimated $24,291.

Additional capacity required to accommodate subscribers west of First street, north of Jasper avenue and south of the C. N. R. tracks and north of the Grout estate, will involve an outlay of $5,502.

1200 additional telephones are provided for in the estimates, while the cost of labor for the carrying out of the season's work is estimated at $15,00. Insulated wire main frames and wiring blocks, to cost in all $4,982, bring the total capital estimates of the department to $130,000.

BUSINESS SECTION WIPED OUT BY FIRE

Blaze at Gowganda Does Damage Estimated at Over One Hundred Thousand

Gowganda, Ont., Jan. 25.—During the strongest gale of the winter, fire broke out about noon yesterday in Colen's dry goods store, practically destroying the south east portion of the town. The loss probably will be over one hundred thousand dollars. Insurance is mostly in Canadian companies with about twelve thousand with the American companies represented. The buildings destroyed included: Queens Hotel, King Edward Hotel, Canadian Bank of Commerce, Dr. Cran's office, Sodd Mohant sulphany fruit dealer and grocery, Karm Bros. grocers and dry goods, Landria, tobacco dealer, Carter and Wright, druggists, Taylor Drug company, telephone office, Gray, barber; Mint saloon; Brownless, poolroom; Cherotte saloon; Blackhawk, livery; Roumaint, saloon; prospect Hotel, Miners Union hall; Davis' restaurant; Caldwell and Caldwell. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Would Like to Fly.

Key West, Fla., Jan. 24.—J. A. D. McCurdy, the Canadian aviator, who will try to fly from Key West to Havana, returned here this afternoon from the Cuban city, where he selected his landing place. While it was originally announced that McCurdy would start tomorrow, he expects to leave Wednesday. Forms will be built on the deck of the destroyers which have been detailed to convoy him, to permit to make fresh starts if he falls into the water. The boats will be stationed ten miles apart.

New Marine Depot.

Ottawa, Jan. 25.—The contract for a new marine depot at Prince Rupert has been awarded to the Pacific Construction company of Victoria, the cost to be $150,000.

MOCK COURT.

Key West, Fla., Jan. 25.—J. A. D. McLand blue eyes, he of the Emerald Isle, has been captured, and is no longer at large.

He will be brought up for trial before the mock court of the Edmonton Irish association this evening when Judge John Cormack will decide his fate, provided he is found guilty of the charge of criminal libel that lies against him. The prosecuting attorney will be R. G. Tighe, while the prisoner is represented by Jos. Andrew Clarke, late prominent attorney of the Yukon. Private prosecuting lawyers will be Geo. B. O'Connon and Jas. T. J. Collison. The prisoner is charged with criminally libelling Chris. Broderick, and Pat Dunn, in the official magazine of the association. The editor, Dan Dyer will look after his own interests. The court opens immediately after the close of the regular meeting on Wednesday evening.

The Ball official standard watch, Jackson Bros.

You'll be sure of a right shirt if you call at Kelly & Moorse's.

Silver Tea Sets, Jackson Bros.

Diamonds of high quality and reasonable prices at Diamond Hall.

Clearing sale of all fancy wool vests at Kelly & Moorse's.

Try one of Ash Bros.' Special watches.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Happenings in the World at Large Boiled Down for Busy Readers

DOMINION

Killed in Explosion

Winnipeg, Man., Jan. 25.—George McCollum, foreman at the gypsum company's works at Fair Ford, a few miles from Oak Point, Man., was killed by an explosion of dynamite today. An investigation into circumstances will be made by Provincial Coroner Inglis.

New G. T. P. Official

Montreal, Jan. 25.—J. Foreman has been appointed general freight agent of the Grand Trunk Pacific, with headquarters at Winnipeg.

Announcement on Tariff

Ottawa, Jan. 25.—The probabilities are that the tariff revisions will be announced at Washington when Congress meets at noon Thursday and at Ottawa when Commons meets at three o'clock. This happened last year and is likely to be repeated.

To Attend Funeral

Winnipeg, Jan. 25.—Two special cars attached to the Toronto express left last night conveying C.P.R. officials from Western points to Ottawa to attend the funeral of Chief Engineer Schwitzer.

Winnipeg Investigation

Winnipeg, Jan. 25.—Developments in the civic fire investigating today included a statement by Chief Buchanan, of the fire power station in the business sections was being maintained at only 50 pounds instead departments that the pressure of the high of 10 opounds, as the regulations demand, also said that at the big fire which destroyed the warehouse of the Martin-Bole-Wynne company, the high pressure mains had been emptied because the signal arrangements with the pumping station fell down.

Dropped Dead

Winnipeg, Jan. 18.—While walking down the steps into the basement of the Hungarian Club hall on Anderson avenue last evening, accompanied by Rev. Father Kowalski Stephen Molnar, a member of the club, stumbled and fell to the bottom, and when picked up was dead. Dr. Yonker came at once and pronounced death due to heart failure. There will be an inquest.

Should Fight East

Brandon, Man., Jan. 25.—"The governments are being tied hand and foot by local interests in the east and by railway corporations. I look for the day when the West will hold the balance of power. Why should we be tied down to the politics of the East? Let us be Western Unionists, and let us fight against the interests in the east which are tying us hand and foot," These sentences in the address of Flanagan's addres of welcome to the Manitoba Grain Growers' convention were loudly applauded by the farmers.

FOREIGN

World Tour in 37 Days

Seattle, Jan. 25.—The development of the Japanese port of Dalnegra has made it possible to go around the world in 37 days, according to trans-Pacific steamship officers. Leaving Seattle or Vancouver by steamer, a traveller may land in Yokohama in twelve days. By taking train to Tsudura and steamer to the trans-Siberian railway terminus and continuing by the fastest train to London, he may cover the distance from Yokohama in 16 days. By the fastest trains and steamers, he may travel from London to Seattle in a little more than nine days.

Phillips Is Dead

New York, Jan. 25.—David Graham Phillips, the author, who was shot yesterday by Fitzhugh Coyle Goldsborough, died tonight in Bellevue Hospital.

Mexican Revolution

Mexico City, Jan. 25.—Eighty killed and many wounded is the latest unofficial estimate of the losses in the fighting near Galeana, east of Casas Grandes, the latter part of last week.

Plague Spreading

St. Petersburg, Jan. 25.—A special despatch from Harbin declares that hunters from Jerbow in Mongolia were the carriers of the plague into Manchuria. Almost every case has ended in death. The cases are of the pulmonary type and the mortality is estimated at 99 per cent. According to the despatch, the Chinese suspect it was designedly introduced into their country. Sixteen physicians and 200 nurses have been assembled by the Russians and will be sent to the infected districts.

Prescription by Wireless

Portland, Maine, Jan. 25.—A wireless message flashed 800 miles, from steamship to steamship, from the coast of Florida to the coast of Yucatan, saved the life of Captain Arthur N. Mosley, master of the tramp steamer Herman Frasch of New York, when he lay at death's door from ptomaine poisoning last week. Yesterday the captain, in his usual health, brought his vessel to this port.

EVENTS TONIGHT.

All Saints Church—Annual meeting of the congregation will be held at eight o'clock.

Separate School Hall—Burns banquet under auspices of the Edmonton Caledonian Society.

Empire Theatre—Summers Stock company in "The Melting Pot."

Bijou Theatre—First street and McDougall avenue—Moving pictures.

Bowling, Olympic League—Maple Leafs vs. Capitals.

Hockey—Mercantile League — C. N. R. vs Swifts; Northern, Davies vs. Hudsons Bay team, at Excelsior rink.

Engraving as it should be done. Jackson Bros.

Osteopathy cures disease. No drugs. R. C. Ghostley, Osteopath 427 Jasper West.

DE LESSEPS WEDS MISS MACKENZIE

Popular Toronto Lady and Husband Will Spend Honeymoon in Upper Egypt

London, Jan. 25.—A brilliant function attended the nuptials of Count Jacques De Lesseps, of Paris, and Miss Grace MacKenzie, of Toronto, this afternoon at St. James place, London. Among those present were Lord and Lady Strathcona, Sir Gilbert and Lady Parker, Admiral and Lady Markman, several representatives of official Canadian life, and a number of people distinguished in the social life of Paris and Toronton, including relatives and intimate friends of both parties. Just before two o'clock the bridegroom put in an appearance but it was some time after the hour before the bride arrived on the arm of her father, Sir William MacKenzie, who had only arrived on the previous day. The bride was attended by Mrs. W. W. Beardmere, as neron of honor, the bridesmaids being her sister Ethel, and her cousin, Mable Meagher. The bride looked radiantly happy and was beautifully gowned. The wedding party and invited guests returned to Claridges Hotel where a reception was held. The happy couple received a stream of congratulatory cablegrams from Canada and all parts of the world. They will spend their honeymoon in Upper Egypt.

MISREPRESENTING CONDITIONS HERE

Secretary Fisher Is After Scalps of Writers Who Malign the Province

Writers of magazine and newspaper articles who persist in misrepresenting conditions in Western Canada, particularly in Alberta, and who in some cases have published absolute untruths regarding Alberta and the city of Edmonton, are very little mercy at the hands of Secretary Fisher of the Edmonton board of trade, who is now conducting a very active campaign in an endeavor to counteract some of the great harm that is being done the country by the publication of such articles.

During the past few weeks, Mr. Fisher has written to several newspapers and magazines calling their attention to the misrepresentations, whether deliberate or otherwise, that have appeared in articles they have published. One of the latest was an article published in an English paper, written by an Englishman who professed to have come to Alberta and to Edmonton and to have found conditions here such that people could not exist. "This has evidently been one of the old-countrymen who have not 'made good'" said Mr. Fisher, "and are voicing their sourness on the country in articles absolutely misrepresenting conditions."

"The old-country writer persists in calling Edmonton 'Edmunstown,' and gave a grewsome picture of conditions in Alberta, where he said the farmers were unable to pay mortgages on their farms, and where it was almost impossible to live." Mr. Fisher has written an article to this paper counteracting the old-countryman's article.

The Other Extreme.

"That is one case of misrepresentation of conditions" said the secretary, "fatefully as much harm can be done by articles such as recently appeared in the Detroit News, a copy of which I have received. This article grossly exaggerates the success that municipal ownership has attained in Edmonton. The writer of this article, who purports to be writing directly from Edmonton, places the net profit of the street railway at $144,000 out of a gross revenue of $175,000, stating that the cost of the operation of the system is only one-eighth of the fares collected and that seventh-eighths is clear profit."

"As a matter of fact, Edmonton's street railway has only been operating for two years, and has not yet reached that stage where it shows a substantial profit yearly. The article heralds Mayor Armstrong as the fighter for and winner of municipal ownership for Edmonton, in a way that must be quite as distasteful to the mayor himself, as it is untrue. While Mayor Armstrong is a sincere advocate of municipal ownership, Edmonton was a municipal ownership town long before Mayor Armstrong became a resident."

FAVOR UNION DEPOT.

By endorsing a resolution forwarded to them from the Berlin, Ont., board of trade, urging that the railway commission of Canada make it imperative where roads of the railways operating into and out of large cities should operate from a union depot, the Edmonton board of trade yesterday declared themselves absolutely in favor of the union station principle.

This question may in later years affect Edmonton to a certain degree. The Canadian Northern and Grand Trunk Pacific are at present using union terminals on First street, the G.T.P. paying rentals to the Canadian Northern. These two railways have practically agreed upon a union depot in future.

In the current estimates for the year, the commissioners had made provision for an increase in the salary of Fire Chief Davidson by $50 a month, raising his monthly salary to $200. Increases in the salaries of other heads of departments will be considered at the special meeting tomorrow afternoon.

Big sweep on No. 1 Coon Coats at Kelly & Moorse's.

RAILWAY CONTRACTORS PREPARE FOR 1911 WORK

Rock Contractor in City Today—May Assume Charge of Mountain Construction on G.T.P.—Large Force of Rock Men Needed

Preparations for the opening of the season's work on the main line of the Grand Trunk Pacific west of the Athabasca river, into the mountains, are now being made by the railway company and Messrs. Foley, Welsh and Stewart, the contractors for the line.

During the next month it is expected that several large sub-contracts for work in the mountain section will be awarded by the main contractors, Foley, Welsh and Stewart. Some of the largest sub-contractors in the country are now out west looking over work, and will make a bid for some of the contracts. It is expected that Phelan and Shirley, who last summer built the eighty mile stretch from Wolf Creek to the Athabasca river, and who are now constructing the branch line south to the coal fields, will make a bid for another contract on the main line.

Contractor Welch Here.

This morning, Pat Welch, one of the members of the firm of Foley, Welch and Stewart, whose home is in Spokane, reached the city from that place last evening, and is a guest at the King Edward.

Tomorrow he will meet B. B. Kelliher, chief engineer of the Grand Trunk Pacific railway, who is coming west from Winnipeg on his private car, and the two will go west by special train on Saturday. They will go through to the Athabasca for the purpose of looking over the contracts in the mountain division for the coming season.

Mr. Welch, who has seldom heretofore visited Western Canada, is a contractor who has been building railways in the western states for years. He became connected with the big firm of which he is now a member, some years ago.

His particular work is rock construction, and for years he has been building portions of the Union Pacific and Great Northern through the mountains in the western states. It is very probable that Mr. Welch will take over the charge of the construction of the mountain division of the Grand Trunk Pacific, since the greater part of that work will be rock construction, and Mr. Welch's experience lies particularly along that line.

Speaking to the Capital this morning, Mr. Welch stated that he would go west with Mr. Kelliher this week. He stated that he was not in a position to give very much information regarding the work, as he had not yet been west. He expected that the great majority of the work next year would be rock work.

Mr. Welch anticipates little trouble in securing labor the coming season. "There are lots of men to be had, if they want to work," he said. Asked if the work this season would require a different class of labor than had hitherto been used, he said that a slightly different class would be required, for the rock work.

It is expected that a large force of rock men will be brought up from the railway work in the western states, as there are, according to Mr. Welch no new contracts being let on the Great Northern lines through the mountains.

Another contractor at the King Edward today is R. M. Shirley, of Phelan and Shirley, who are at present building the branch line to the coal fields. The firm have about completed their contract on the main line, and are making fair progress on the branch, which they expect to complete some time next fall.

LONG SUFFERING EDMONTON HAS NEW AND MODERN P. O.

STRUGGLES OF POST OFFICE STAFF TO COPE WITH ADVERSE CONDITIONS ENDED—HOW MAILS WERE HANDLED IN EARLY DAYS

For the first time in the long years that Edmonton citizens waited for just such necessary accommodations they are now enjoying this year, the benefit of a really modern and metropolitan post office, of a size and capacity in accordance with the size and the needs of the city.

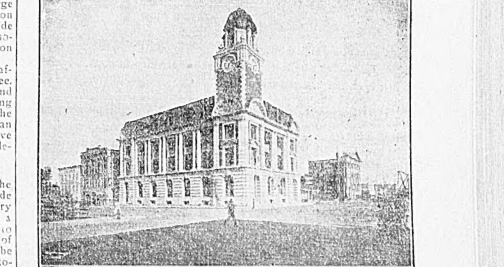
In recent years, Edmonton's post office, in so far as accommodation was concerned, was looked upon in the light of a joke. For a long time, the lack of sufficient accommodation for handling the ever increasing mails, was an exasperation to the ordinary citizen, but even that phase of the case died away, and citizens grew to accept the conditions with a weary smile of resignation. They had become used to lining up in front of the crowded pickets, where the over-worked clerks struggled with adverse conditions, and waiting for many minutes and sometimes hours for their mails, only to find when they got them that some of their letters had been lying for days at a time in the office box.

This was, of course, not the fault of the local staff. A more loyal set of officials perhaps could not have been found. They were merely working under conditions beyond their control. And it was not until after much agitation, and even threatening that Edmonton was promised something in the way of a brand new post office building, that would be built to accommodate the mails for years to come.

As a matter of fact, the post office authorities at Ottawa, could not and did not grasp the rapidity with which the city was developing, and with that development, a consequent growth of the size of the daily mails. When they got round to the point where they considered at last that a new building was necessary, the contract was let for the new building. It was to be a magnificent one, to cost $250,000, and to afford accommodation for years.

The new building is a magnificent one. It cost $250,000. It affords accommodation for many years. But it required three years to build it.

(Continued on Page Four.)



The New Edmonton Post Office Building, Which Cost $250,000, and Required Three Years to Complete

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CALGARY—Alberta Hotel.

STRATHCONA—Strathcona Investment Co.

RETIRING PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS TO THE BOARD OF TRADE

The annual report of the retiring president of the board of trade is a document which everyone interested in the progress of Edmonton should read with care. It is a document which contains in as concise form as could posssibly be, a correct resume of the business situation in the city at the present time, and it is a statement which, while optimistic in its tone, nothing need be discounted.

Retiring President James McGeorge states candidly the features of satisfactory progress during the past year, and he states as candidly the points in which realization has not come up to expectation.

In dealing with the real estate situation, Mr. McGeorge says that it is healthy; that there is lacking in this city at the present time anything that savors of a boom; that the large purchase of property made within the past few months have been mainly for investment, that building is to follow these investments, and that the present prices of property are within reason and not influenced by any speculative tendency. This statement is true to the letter, and it is fortunate that it is true.

Mr. McGeorge points out that there is a danger that an era of speculation may set in; that property far beyond the confines of the city may be brought into the market as city lots to the detriment of legitimate business, and he sounds a warning against such action. Undoubtedly there is a necessity for such a warning, unless Edmonton is to be made to suffer as other towns in the west have suffered. Where property adjacent to the city which is suburban property is sold as suburban property and the purchaser recognizes that it is suburban property that he is purchasing, there can be no injury done.. But where property at a great distance from the populated area of the city is sub-divided into city lots and is sold as such the purchaser of such property must perforce be ignorant of the true situation or he could not be made a purchaser, and his awakening to the fact that he has been made the purchaser of lots under a misapprehension could not fail to provoke resentment which, however unjustified, would nevertheless be directed against the whole city.

Mr. McGeorge's statement of the railway situation is absolutely to the point. Edmonton, as he intimates, has not had a full measure of justice, and the fact that the north road has been stopped while at the same time another road is being projected from the Prince Albert district to tap the country which Edmonton has been wont to consider part of this city's domain, constitutes a grievance which is not a political grievance so much as it is a business grievance. Mr. McGeorge's statement is exactly in line with the contention that the Capital has been urging since the question came before the country.

That the optimistic forecast made by the retiring president is justified is known to everyone who is at all familiar with the situation in Edmonton, and when he predicts that this city is soon to be the scene of greater activity than has heretofore been recorded he is stating only what is known to the citizens at large.

LARGE VOTE ON BLYAWS DESIRABLE

When money bylaws against which there is no serious opposition are up for a vote there is a tendency on the part of a large number of ratepayers to neglect to go to the polls. To thus ignore, such an important matter is a mistake. While there is no danger that any one of the bylaws which are to be voted on tomorrow will be defeated, it is nevertheless desirable, from a civic point of view, that the vote be overwhelmingly in favor of them all.

The vote which will be cast in Edmonton tomorrow calling for the expenditure of half a million dollars on civic works will form part of the press dispatches of the following day, and the exact number of votes for and against will be recorded in the daily papers of every city in the Dominion. If the figures show that the vote was light, the headlines will indicate that Edmonton citizens take little interest in civic affairs. If on the other hand the vote is large and the majority in favor of the bylaw is sweeping, the newspapers throughout the Dominion will record it as an evidence that in Edmonton the citizens take a genuine interest in the prgress of the city, and the fact is certain to get beyond the news columns and into the editorial columns of many publication and to be read by many thousands and possibly hundreds of thousands of people.

JUST PARAGRAPHS

Calgarians talk about spending $30,000 this year for publicity. What Calgarians hope to do is make their city famous. Heretofore it has been merely notorious.

Calgary boosts its assessment up to fifty millions and cuts its tax rate down to 12 mills. By making the assessment five hundred million they could have had the lowest rate in the world.

The Journal favors municipal ownership except where there is a franchise to be disposed of, in which case it favors giving the franchise to a company. The old nag needs an India rubber spine to keep from dislocating its vertebra while facing both ways.

Vancouver anti-machine Liberals are trying to get Joe Martin on the witness stand to tell what he knows of the Chinese underground railway which Templeman is said to have controlled. If they would just give Joe carte blanche to tell what he thinks of Templeman and his friends they would get a story that the stenographers would require a lightning-rod dipped in muriatic acid to write down.

AGRICULTURAL DEPT. HAS BIG PROGRAMME FOR 1911

FOUR SHORT COURSES AND OVER 230 INSTITUTE MEETINGS ARE PLANNED—EDUCATIONAL WORK FOR FARMERS WILL BE EXTENSIVE

If the department of Agriculture of Alberta has been active in former years in providing instruction in all branches of agriculture to the farmers throughout the province, they will be even more so in the year 1911.

Ever since the province was formed the department of agriculture has adopted an active policy of educational work among the farmers. This policy was first formulated under Hon. W. T. Finlay, who did a large amount of work in agricultural instruction. This policy has been carried forward and developed to a greater extent under the direction of Hon. Duncan Marshall, who during the year and a half that he has been in charge of the department, has developed the educational work to a high degree.

Under the direction of Mr. Marshall, the educational work is carried on under the supervision of H. A. Craig, superintendent of fairs and institutes, who plans the programme for the year, and carries it out, and C. P. Marker, dairy commissioner, and W. F. Stevens, live stock commissioner. The instruction is given in the form of institute meetings throughout the province, which practically continue all year. During the past year or two, short courses in agriculture have been held at various points in the province, at which large numbers of farmers have received expert instruction.

Big Programme for 1911.

Instruction work is to be carried on, on a much larger scale than ever this year. The programme that has been planned by the minister, with the assistance of his superintendents, will be more comprehensive than in any former year. The needs of the farmers are greater, there are more farmers to be dealt with, and mixed farming is being taken up more extensively, all of which demands more in the way of educational work.

For this year, an estimate has been made of $11,000 for the work of the institutes branch, which comes under the direction of H. A. Craig. This amount will provide for the expenses of the short courses, and the institute meetings throughout the year, as well as the salaries of the department. For the promotion of the dairy industry in the province, a total of $14,000 has been estimated, in which is included the expenses of the dairy portion of the short coursee and institute meetings.

The Short Courses.

The big feature of the educational work this year will be the short courses. There will be four of these, namely, at Strathmore, McLeod, Innisfail and Vermilion. The courses will commence on Monday, February 6th, at Strathmore. The course at this point will be of one week's duration, and instruction will be in live stock. The school there will last from the 6th to the 11th.

The instructors will then move to McLeod, where they will hold a two weeks' school from the 13th to the 25th.

At Vermilion the school will commence on Feb. 20th and end March 3th, and at Innisfail the school will be held from February 27th to March 11th.

At the three latter places the school will be of two weeks' duration and instruction will be in live stock for the first week, and for the second week instruction will be in dairying, poultry raising, and grain, soil and weeds. Instruction in poultry will include housing, feeding, hatching and rearing. In dairying the instruction will cover subjects from the production of the milk to the marketing of the finished product. In grain instruction the subjects of growing, judging and grading of grain, soil cultivation, noxious weeds, and grasses and fodder crops will be covered.

Grand Championship.

A big feature of the short courses will be the competition for the grand challenge trophy, offered by the department of agriculture, open to teams from the four schools. The four men standing highest in local competitions will comprise the team from each point to compete for this trophy. The teams from McLeod and Vermilion will have their expenses paid to Innisfail to compete. The courses are free. Everyone interested is invited to attend.

The Staff of Instructors.

For the instruction in the short course schools, the department have selected an efficient staff of instructors. They include W. C. McKillican, Calgary; Geo. H. Hutton, experimental farm, Lacombe; W. H. Fairfield, Lethbridge; Geo. Harcourt, deputy minister of agriculture; C. E. Lewis, chief weed inspector; A. W. Foley, provincial poultry commissioner; Christian Marker, dairy commissioner; H. S. Pearson, Red Deer; Geo. Scott, Innisfail; A. W. McIntyre, Ottawa; Bryce Wright, De Winton; W. J. Elliott, Strathmore; Prof. Dunsmore, Aimes Agricultural College, Aimes, Iowa; and H. A. Craig.

230 Institute Meetings.

A programme of over 230 institute meetings has been arranged to cover the entire season. This will be a larger number of meetings than has yet been held. The institute meetings commenced at Provost on January 3rd, and will continue throughout the year until next December. They are held all through the province, every settled district being touched.

The instructors at the institute meetings include C. E. Lewis, and G. H. Hutton, A. W. McIntyre and D. W. Warner, A. Gilbault, L. U. Fowler, A. W. Foley, E. J. Cook, W. F. Stevens, W. H. Fairfield, and E. H. Malcolm, S. S. Stansell and A. P. Stevenson, and Dan McKercher.

DEAD BIRDS

(Toronto News)

The United States Court of Customs Appeals has declared that a hen is not a bird. True enough. If you keep one alive it is an expense, and if you buy a dead one it is a luxury.

DRAWING A LINE

(Vancouver Province)

Chicago hotel keepers object to having Bibles placed in the guests' room on account of their tendency to accumulate dust. If it were bridge whist decks it might be different.

TRACED TO ITS ORIGIN

(Montreal Gazette)

Dispatches from Denver trace to Alaska the origin of a blizzard which raged in that part of the continent last week. Thus does the extension of the telegraph add to the value of human knowledge. A few years ago a blizzard anywhere in America would have been blamed on Medicine Hat in the Canadian west. Now we have a confession that the cold bluster originates in United States territory.

TRY A COONSKIN

(Hamilton Spectator)

At Prince Albert wood is scarce, and the mercury stands at more than fifty below zero. What's the use of a Prince Albert with the thermometer at fifty below?

PROFOUN TRUTH

"There's one good thing about married women."

"What's that?"

"They don't understand the things they've always wondered about, even after they've asked their husbands and been told."—Cleveland Leader.

"Old chap, what does 'cachinnation' mean?"

"Loud and mirthless laughter, dear boy. Why?"

"Nothing; only I understand now what the papers meant when they said that my stories at the club banquet last night caused much cachinnation."

"Can I have some shooting on your farm?" asked the visitor.

"By all means," responded the farmer, heartily. "There are two hoboes in the barn, a sewing machine agent at the kitchen door, and the provincial parliament candidate ringing the front doorbell at this moment. Please go and shoot them all."

Could Not Rest at Night.

Back Was So Weak.

Weak, lame and aching backs are the primary cause of kidney trouble. When the back aches or becomes weak it is a warning from the kidneys that everything is not right with them.

Heed the warning: cure the weak, lame, aching back and dispose of any chances of further trouble.

If you don't do this, serious complications are very apt to arise and the first thing you know you will be troubled with Dropsy, Diabetes or Bright's Disease, the three most deadly forms of Kidney Trouble.

On the first sign of anything wrong Doan's Kidney Pills should be taken. They go to the seat of the trouble and strengthen the kidneys, thereby strengthening the back.

Mrs. John Puigh, Parkdale, Man., writes:—"I have used Doan's Kidney Pills and find nothing to beat them. I could not rest at night my back was so weak. I tried everything, but could not get anything to do me any good until I was told by a friend to use Doan's Kidney Pills. I tried them and I am not the same weak woman I was before. I am very thankful to have found so speedy a cure."

Doan's Kidney Pills are 50 cents per box or 3 for $1.25, at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

If ordering direct specify "Doan's."

THE MOVING PICTURE TRUST

We love the moving picture play
That shows the woolly west,
E'en though the acto cowboy's way
Sets truthfulness at rest.
Clothespins to clip him to his steed,
Would seem to be his greatest need.

The sheriff also, is a "beaut."
Who never fails to please,
It is his hobby for the shoot
Each cattle thief that flees,
And though he aimeth at the sky,
His quarry never fails to die.

But most of all we like the maid
Who is the cowboy's bride,
In buckskin always she's arrayed,
Her hat brim's three feet wide,
It may be such girls never grow,
But that's just why we love her so.

So do not make the picture show
Too realistic, please,
Just let the films uncensored, flow
The while dolk sit at ease
And see the west of grip and chrill,
Invented by one Buffler Bill.
Arthur Chapman in Denver Republican.

THE COSTLY INTERIM

"One reason," said the milk coast philosopher, 'why a good many young men aren't married isn't because they're too poor to get married, but it's because they're not quite ready yet, and they're too poor to be engaged."—Browning's Magazine.

VALUE OF PAT'S JOB

"Bridget, Oi' hev that job av night watchman."

"Shure thin, Pat, Oi'll use yer slappin' shire f'r rags. Yell not be needin' ov it now."

CLEAN, REFINED.

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Return Engagement Sherman's Musical Comedy Co.—Entirely New, Presenting

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Tickets on sale January 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th, 1911,
Final Return Limit, 90 days

FARE FROM EDMONTON TO LOS ANGELES AND RETURN

Going and returning via Spokane $129.35
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Above fares include berth and meals from Spokane on going trip. For full information regarding these and other excursion rates, apply to nearest C.P. Ry. Agent, or to

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BIG BATTLE WAGED AGAINST DISEASE

Something over two years ago a child was born to a young couple in New York. From the hour of birth the baby suffered from a disorder so rare that it occurs in about one out of every thousand children born. This malady is infantile hemorrhage. It involves bleeding from the nose, mouth, bowels and other parts of the body. It is very difficult to overcome, and in a large proportion of cases proves fatal. In this particular instance the father of the child was himself a physician, and belonged to a family which includes several distinguished members of the medical profession. The best of skill was enlisted, and a variety of measures were resorted to during three days in an effort to stop the loss of blood which was rapidly draining away the child's life. All these efforts were in vain. By the fourth day the baby was nearly bloodless and almost lifeless. It seemed a certainty that the tiny spark of vitality remaining would flicker out within a few hours at most.

Then, at the request of the father, Dr. Alexis Carrel, of the Rockefeller Institute in New York, undertook to apply a new remedial measure. He had the father lie down alongside the baby, opened an artery in the father's fore arm and a vein in the baby's leg, and sewed the two together. With every pulsation of the father's heart a fresh supply of blood was pumped into the veins and arteries of the little one. Soon the child's pallid skin began to be suffused with a glow of pink. The bleeding stopped. Every instant new evidences of the revivying influence at work appeared. Within a few minutes the artificial union between the circulatroy systems of the father and child was discontinued. The baby, as ruddy and lively as though he had undergone only the normal experiences of a thoroughly healthy child,

Transformation Complete.

began to cry lustily for food.

The transformation was so complete and so swiftly accomplished that it tremendously impressed those who witnessed it. The old comparison which referred to the subject of an unusual recovery as one snatched from the brink of the grave was thoroughly apt in this case, for the child, scarcely able to continue breathing at the end of one hour, was restored to perfect health at the beginning of the next and has continued in that condition ever since.

This case has been fully reported and widely commented on in medical annals. It forms one of the spectacular triumphs of modern surgery. This is not so much because of the nature of the operation performed as because of the maner. Attempts to transfuse blood are by no means new in surgery. They had been made, though with small success, a hundred years before the case just described. But the method used in the operation and the process by which theis method was arrived at are characteristic of the new surgery which achieves progress chiefly by means of elaborate and painstaking experiment directed to a definite end.

An earlier method of transfusion employed a small tube to connect the arterial systems of the two persons participating in the operation. This always involved risk of the formation of blood-clots at the ends of the tube, and these clots, carried into the circulation, sometimes lodged in the brain, heart or lungs, and caused death. On account of this danger the plan was adopted of drawing off into a receptacle the blood to be transferred and then beating it vigorously after which it was passed into the system of the patient. The purpose of this beating was to separate the fibrin, the substance in the blood which forms clots. This method was unsuccessful in a large proportion of the cases in which it was tried, and many surgeons abandoned transfusion operations entirely.

Within the past five years, however, Dr. Carrel, assisted by other members of the staff of the Rockefeller Institute, developed a new method of uniting blood-vessels which it was desirable to connect either temporarily or permanently. The walls of an artery are made up of several layers serving various purposes. Dr. Carrel found that if the ends of the innermost of these, known as the intima, were accurately sewed together by needle and thread, so that there were no rough edges to form blood-clots; if the operation were performed under thoroughly aseptic conditions—that is, with the exercise of care to prevent any sort of harmful germ from getting into the system through any of the cuts made in performing the operation; and if, finally, the thread used in sewing together the blood-passages were coated with vaseline to heal the minute wounds made by the passage of the needle and to prevent the formation of tiny clots there, the operation could be performed with practically no risk of any following complications. It was this knowledge that saved the life of the physician's baby in the case referred to. Other experiments working upon animals have developed special devices for accurately joining the ends of blood-vessels, and these combined efforts in their various applications have resulted in saving hundreds of other lives.

Process of Transfusion.

The process by which a small portion of the father's blood was transferred to his child seems in the reading to be one of the simplest pieces of surgical carpentry imaginable, though actually it requires the highest degree of skill; but the knowledge which enables this and other more common operations to be performed with accuracy and surety did not come as a direct revelation or a sudden inspiration of genius. It was laboriously acquired from a great many experiments upon dogs and other animals. In the course of his experiments Dr. Carrel not only cut veins and arteries and sewed them together again; he cut out sections of these blood-vessels, washed them, left them outside the animal for varying lengths of time, and then put them back in place; and he transferred sections of arteries from one animal to another and showed that these transplanted sections performed the functions of those that had been removed as well as did the originals. All of these operations bid fair to have an important bearing in enabling surgeons to repair bodily injuries which heretofore it has been difficult or impossible to remedy.

From the beginning of human history men have sought to cure disease and to heal injuries to the bodily mechanism. It seems a natural inquiry why it should have been necessary to wait for centuries for knowledge so simple as that which now enables severed blood-paccages to be united, or why, having gone on without it for all these centuries, it should have been gained within the past few years. The answer to this question contains in a nutshell the explanation of the rapid advance of medicine and surgery within the past generation, a progress which, as a well-known surgical writer puts it, has accomplished more in the past thirty years than has been achieved in the preceding thirty centuries.

In 1846 Dr. Morton and Dr. Warren, of Boston, made public application of the use of ether for producing anaesthesia (insensibility to pain) in persons undergoing operations, a discovery which had been made independently by Dr. Morton and by Dr. Long, of Georgia. This was a step of tremendous importance in the progress of surgery, for it made possible the performance of operations and investigations which it would be impossible to carry out on a conscious person, because the pain itself would be too great to be borne, and because the bodily movements, inevitable under such circumstances, would interfere with the delicate manipulation required on the part of the surgeon.

The use of anaesthetics—ether, chloroform, nitrous oxide and occasionally other substances—was a tremendous help to the surgeon, but he still labored under a handicap that greatly restricted his field and limited his usefulness to humanity. This was due to the fact that the after-result of an operation, such as the amputation of a limb, for example—the ordinary process undergone on the road to recovery—usually was more dangerous to the patient than the operation itself.

Almost every wound, whether inflicted accidentally or by the surgeon's knife, was followed by suppuration—the formation of a running sore filled with pus. In fact, this was supposed to be an unavoidable accompaniment of the healing process, and the few cases in which primary healing occurred—that is, healing without suppuration—were reported as possessing remarkable interest. It was only after the bodily system by its natural processes had overcome the bacterial infection, which was the real cause of the suppuration, that the patient was out of danger. Very often the infection was so serious that it could not be overcome. Cases of blood-poisoning, gangrene and tetanus following surgical operations were of frequent occurrence and resulted in many deaths. So high was the mortality from injuries, such as compound fracture of the leg, for example, that James Syme, a distinguished British surgeon, is reported to have expressed the opinion that better results would be obtained, on the whole, if every such case were treatd by amputation of the limb.

The general belief down almost to the beginning of the last quarter of the nineteenth century was that the unfavorable and dangerous developments that took place in many wounds after operation were the result of the action of some remote element of the air—probably of the oxygen. Efforts were made to exclude air from the dressings of wounds by the use of greasy bandages. These were later discarded as failing to give satisfactory results. To secure cleanliness in the modern surgical use of the term, there was no attempt, for its importance was not appreciated. The careful surgeon washed his hands and instruments in ordinary warm water before setting to work, and he saw to it that his bandages were free from dirt, but beyond that nothing was attempted. Those who are familiar with the elaborate precautions taken in even the simplest of surgical operations today will have no difficulty in understanding the prevalence of blood-poisoning, erysipelas and lockjaw in these earlier surgical cases.

Pasteurs Discovery.

The scientific investigations of Pasteur in determining the causes of fermentation and putrefaction in vegetable products led to the second great step in advance which has made possible modern surgery. Pasteur revolutionized medicine, and his experiments suggested ideas to Joseph Lister, the working out of which revolutionized surgery. By a long series of experiments Lister demonstrated that the air and its elements had nothing to do with the infection of wounds, but that is was caused by minute organisms, floating like dust in the atmospnere, which are collectively described, in popular parlance, as germs or microbes.

One of the experiments employed to determine this consisted in placing a fluid excretion in jars with long necks. The upper neds of these necks curved over with the tips pointing downward. Openings in these tips gave access to the air, but particles settling downward in the atmosphere could not reach the interior. Although kept in these containers for four years, the contents showed no signs of fermentation or decay, but when a small portion was poured into an ordinary open-mouthed receptacle it almost immediately teemed with bacteria, and signs of decomposition were manifest within an hour or two.

As a result of his many tests Lister concluded that the cause of infection in bodily wounds and injuries was to be found in the presence of bacteria. At that time, of course, it was not known that there were almost countless varieties of these infinitesimal organisms, some harmless and others virulent. To prevent germ infection Lister proposed to destroy the germs in the neighborhood of cuts and injuries. As the readiest means of accomplishing this he hit upon the use of carbolic acid upon the dressings of wounds and fractures and the use of a spray of carbolic acid vapor during operations. The carbolic acid destroyed the bacteria with which it came in contact, and so prevented the setting up of a septic (poisoned) condition of the exposed tissue. This was the beginning of the antiseptic method of surgery. Later on surgeons decided that a better method even than using germ-destroying preparations was to exclude all harmful germs from the presence of operations, and this is known as the aseptic method.

Instruments Sterilized.

Under this method the surface of the subject's body surrounding the points where incisions are to be made is thoroughly washed with antiseptic a sheet that has been sterilized by boiling solutions; the subject is covered with a sheet that has been sterilized by boiling at a high temperature, and through an opening in this the operator works. The surgeon and his assistants are attired in garments that have been similarly treated; the operator's head is covered by a cap, and his beard, if he wears one, is covered by a special mask, so that no germs shall fall from the hair to the cuts made in the course of the operation; the hands of every person participating in the operation are washed in some antiseptic preparation and are not allowed to touch any object that is not thoroughly sterilized until the operation is completed; the instruments used are all carefully freed from any lurking bacteria by subjecting them to heat, and the bandages have been sterilized by baking and are contained in sealed packages which are not opened until the dressings are thoroughly applied. If the operation is performed in a hospital it takes place in a room in which the walls and floors and every object contained in it have been thoroughly disinfected; and if performed elsewhere, these conditions are approximated as nearly as possible. By these measures the tissues are protected against infection, and the necessity of applying antiseptic preparations to the wounds themselves is avoided.

Lister proceeded cautiously with his antiseptic treatment. He tried it first on animals, and then applied it successively to fractures, abscesses, accidental wounds, and finally to cuts inflicted in the course of the operations. In each case there was an entire absence of those developments which previously had retarded or prevented the healing of injuries. Within a few years this safeguard had been adopted by progressive surgeons throughout the world. One of the direct consequences was the disappearance of blood-poisoning, gangrene and other ill results that previously had followed surgical operations with disheartening frequency. Thousands of lives formerly sacrificed during every year, not to injuries or to lack of operative skill, but to failure to guard against the unseen sources of infection, have been saved. Truly humanity owes few greater debts than that which is due to this Edinburgh professor, since elevated to the peerage and rewarded by the homage of his profession for his services.

Banished Risks.

While the adoption of the antiseptic method relieved surgery of some of its most dreadful risks, minimized blood-poisoning, banished erysipelas and gangrene, and put an end to the tedious process by which nature previously overcame the septic complications which were the almost invariable aftermath of operations, this was only a part of the benefit it conferred. It opened vast new fields of beneficent endeavor which surgeons hitherto had not dared to enter. With blood-poisoning an almost inevitable consequence, no surgeon would open the abdomen except in cases absolutely desuerate. Operations in the abdominal territory were confined almost exclusively to cases where this region had been penetrated by stab or bullet wounds, or other injuries. The surgery of the brain, now progressing so remarkably, was an unwritten chapter in the book of surgical progress. Operations upon the heart or the large blood-passages adjacent to it were undreamed of.

The third great factor in the advance of medicine and surgery within the past generation has been the adoption and increasing use of the experimental method in investigating the causes of disease, and in working out methods of preventing or combating it. The first aplication of any new idea in the treatment of ills or injuries necessarily is, to a certain extent, an experiment. Such ideas, if they involve serious risk, cannot be tested on human beings. Before the introduction of anaesthesia the pain involved in many experimental operations and the complictions caused by germ infection made it impracticable to use animals for this purpose except to a very limited extent. With the possibility of providing insensibility to pain, however, and of preventing the infection of tissues exposed in operations, a vast field of usefulness was opened for animal experimentation. Such a process as that employed by Dr. Carrel, in saving the life of the physician's child could not have been worked out except for the possibility of proving its practicability by repeated operations upon animals. Even if human subjects were willing to offer themselves for such purposes, the sentiment which regards human life as sacred would not permit the acceptance of such a sacrifice, unless it were under the most exceptional circumstances. Fortunately, it is not necessary to consider this question. Under modern conditions animals may be employed successfully for most branches of experimental research. The animals themselves are placed under anesthetics while undergoing the experiment, and ordinarily suffer no pain, and their cases are cared for after operation as painstakingly as are those of human patients in the most carefully leonducted hospital. No other equal group of animals that ever lived have been of such use to mankind as those that have been sacriced humanely in this work of investigation. Almost all the knowledge which enables difficult and intricate operations to be performed, as well as those that are simpler and more frequently underiaken, has come about through animal experimentation. From a single series of such experimental operations often have followed a number of valuable discoveries.

Direct transfusion of blood by the sewing together of the blood-vessels of two persons in the maner worked out by Dr. Carrel has been utilized in a manner even more striking than that already referred to. It sometimes happens in cases of deep-seated tuwors or other diseased conditions that the patient is too weak to withstand the shock of the necessary operation. In a number of such instances, notably in several operations performed by Dr. George W. Crile, of Cleveland, the circulatory system of the person to be treatd has been connected with that of some other individual in normal health, and, following this, the main operation has been performed, the subject receiving the strength to undergo it from the blood thus transfused, actually two separate operations being performed on one person at the same time. This, of course, is a rare and unusual procedure but it shows that modern surgery is able to accomplish in dealing with cases that would have been absolutely hopeless in an earlier day.

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"NA-DRU-CO" Headache Wafers 25c. a box, at all druggists'.

NATIONAL DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA LIMITED, MONTREAL. 27

TO PREVENT HER STEALING MAN

Spokane, Wn., Jan. 24.—A warrant was issued yesterday afternoon from Justice Hyde's court authorized by the prosecuting attorney's office against Grace Alison, charging her with vagrancy, but the real purpose back of the charge is to keep the woman from stealing the husband of a woman who is now almost an invalid, the authorities say.

"I will follow that man to the end of the earth," is the remark which has been attributed to the defendant by information received at the prosecuting attorney's office. The man in the case, Wilbert Sullivan, a railroad switchman, is now in jail.

SUICIDE BLAMED TO LIQUOR HABIT

Tacoma, Wash., Jan. 23.—Excessive liquor drinking is given as the cause by the coroner to-day of the suicide of J. C. McKee, 45 years of age, Cornell graduate, one time prosperous Ohio hardware merchant, who shot himself through the head in a room at the Tacoma hotel late yesterday. McKee had been employed by the Union Lumber Company for several years, but was addicted to the use of liquor, and lately had not been able to attend to his duties. It is supposed he became despondent.

AN INDIAN'S MONUMENT

A concrete statue of the famous Indian chief Black Hawk has been erected above Eagle's Nest, across the river from Oregon, Illinois. It has been in process of making three years. The statue's great size, forty-eight feet, without counting either the artificial base or the natural rock foundation, two hundred and fifty feet high, upon which it is placed, puts it on a scale with the Goddess of Liberty in New York The third and greatest claim to fame is that it is built to be permanent. According to the "Cement Age," it is believed that it will outlast the Sphinx, the pyramids, and even stones of the Druids. The sculptor is Lorado Taft. Mr. Taft had noted the remarkable time-proof qualities of concrete in ancient European structures, and there came to him his great idea for the means of making an enduring statue.

MODERATION IN LIQUOR

A doctor insists that spirituous liquors are most dangerous to a people which has had short experience with them. For example, the introduction of European spiritss into Polynesia wrought havoc. On the other hand, the majority of the Greeks, Italians, and French, who have been using liquors for centuries, do not commit excesses. The theory is that if a race drinks too much it will kill itself off, and consequently only the races which achieve moderation are in a way to survive. This theory does not grant that a nation of abstainers is possible.

A NEW METAL

The coming of the aeroplane has produced a demand for a metal which combines the strength and toughness of steel with the lightness of aluminum, which are qualities invaluable for many other purposes provided that the metal will not rust or corrode when exposed to the weather. Such a metal has recently been discovered by Mr. H. B. Weeks, the chief chemist to builders, Messrs. Vickers, Sons, and Maxim. The new alloy, which has been patented throughout the world, is only slightly heavier than aluminum, whilst it is as strong as ordinary steel, and can be rolled into sheets or drawn into wire. These qualities, together with the absence of any tendency to rust or corrode, have not been commercially produced hitherto, and duralumin, as the new metal is called, will no doubt be extensively used in future where conditions demand the especial features alluded to above. Duralumin is to be manufactured near Birmingham, where a factory for this purpose is nearing completion.

Little Girl (to apothecary): Please, sir, I've brought the remains of the medicine you gave grandaather. He's dead, and mother thought you might like it for somebody else."

THE PESSIMIST

There are some people who are always "looking for trouble." If it rains they are sure the crops will be drowned out before it stops, and if it is dry they are sure everything will be burned up before it rains. Their discouraging outlook is like that of an old lady who watched the first trial of a new trolley line in her town.

A crowd had gathered to see the car make its initial trip A great deal of preparatory work seemed to be necessary by the motorman, and as the people stood and watched every movement, this old lady, to whom the idea of a car being able to move without any visible power was incomprehensible, kept remarking "It'll never go. It'll never go."

Finally everything was adjusted to the motorman's satisfaction. He turned the switch and the car sped away down the track.

The old lady's eyes opened wide. She watched the car for a moment, and then with amazement still written upon her features, but with firm conviction in her voice she turned once more to the crowd and said "It'll never stop."

OXYGEN FOR ATHLETES

Athletes in England sometimes inhale oxygen to strengthen their muscles, and to increase their strength. Recently a professional boxer engaged in a boxing match with a novice whose chief defect was lack of training. After the first round the novice was so exhausted that he was about to abandon the match. A doctor who was present administered a few whiffs of pure oxygen and the novice immediately recovered his normal strength, and with it an impetus not normal. He returned to the game, and just missed giving the knockout blow to a very powerfull adversary.

The repetition of the experiment proved that inhalations of oxygen enable the sportsman to obtain the maximum of his vigor and endurance.

As a result of this discovery special reservoirs with radiating tubes have been placed on sale for the benefit of the sportsmen, who can now "take oxygen" as he formerly took oxygenated water.

Phil Withington, the Harvard coach, was praising the milder football of 1910.

"Football in the '90's was a terrible game," said Mr. Withington. "Bourget, you know, devoted a whole chapter of 'Outre Mer,' to its horrors. Some of the stories of the football of '90 or '91 are, in fact, almost incredible.

"A Philadelphia sporting editor returned one November Saturday from West Philadelphia, with a pale, frightened face.

"'Many accidents at the game?' a police reporter asked him.

"'One frightful accident,' replied the sporting editor. 'A powerful man from a neighboring coal dealer's entered the field, blundered into one of the hottest scrimmages, and got killed.'"

Electric Restorer for Men

Phosphonol restores every nerve in the body to its proper tension; restores vim and vitality. Premature decay and all sexual weakness averted at once. **Phosphonol** will make you a new man. Price $5 a box, or two for $9. Mailed to any address. **The Scobell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.**

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Western EXCURSIONS

Single Fare

PLUS $2.00 FOR THE ROUND TRIP

From all stations in Ontario, Port Arthur and West, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, to

Vancouver, Victoria and Westminster

Tickets on sale December 15, 16 and 17, 1910; January 20, 21, 22 and 23 and February 14, 15 and 16, 1911; good to return within three months from date of issue

Apply to nearest C. P. Ry. Agent for full information

SHERIFF'S SALE

Province of Alberta to wit:

By virtue of a writ of execution issued out of the Supreme Court of Alberta, E. J. D., at the suit of A. J. R. Avery, plaintiff, and J. O. Benner, John Milner, Joseph Milner and The Milner, defendant, and to me directed against the lands of J. O. Benner, John Milner, Joseph Milner and the Milner-Benner Coal Company lands, I have seized and taken into execution the following lands, namely:

An undivided one-third interest in the following property, Blocks A and B, and lots 2 to 9 inclusive, Plan 2818 X, River lot 20, Edmonton, Alberta, which I shall expose for sale on Tuesday, the 14th day of March, 1911, at the Sheriff's Office, 632 First Street, Edmonton, Alberta, at the hour of 2.30 P. M.

Sheriff's Office, December 10th, 1911.

W. S. ROBERTSON,
Sheriff.

NORWOOD BAKERY,

Mamma's Bread

THE LEADER

OUR MOTTO IS: Honest Value, Square Dealing, Good Service.

This is what we are building on, and it cannot fail.

CHAS BROWN, Prop.

2170——Phone, your Order——2170.

The Yale Hotel

EDMONTON

Robt. McDonald, Prop.

RATES—$2.00 a day.—

Rooms with bath.....$2.50

Meal Ticket$8.00

Monthly Table Board ...$30.00

NEW YEAR'S RESOLUTION

I will use only Keystone Quality Stationery for 1911.

Keystone Press Ltd

JOURNAL BUILDING,

Phone 1395.

JEWELER

Expert Watch Repairing

JACKSON BROS.

Phone 1747. Jasper, Corner Queens.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED.

Royal George Hotel

First St, Near Cor Peace Ave.

MALIN & McKERNAN, Props.

Rates: $2.50, $3.00 per day.

Up-to-date and Modern in all particulars.

Mine Phone, 1029. Office Phone, 2910.

WE MINE THE LOWEST WORKING SEAM IN THE EDMONTON DISTRICT.

Ritchie Coal Co., Limited

24 Jasper Ave. West.

WEST PHOTO PHONE 1781 762 FIRST ST. PHOTOGRAPHER

Empire Theatre

W. B. Sherman, Mgr. Phone 2185

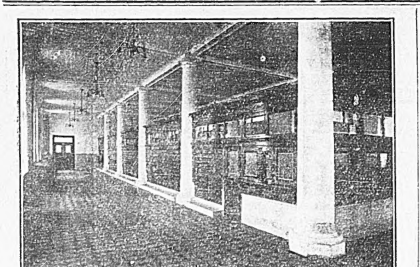
GEO. H. SUMMERS AND BIG STOCK COMPANY, TONIGHT

The Melting Pot

Splendid Vaudeville Between Acts

Prices, Evening 75c, 50c; gallery 25c; Matinee, 10c, 25c.

Matinees, Wed. and Saturday



The Palatial Corridors of the New Edmonton Post Office.

LONG SUFFERING EDMONTON HAS NEW

(Continued from First Page.)

Herein again Edmonton citizens were long-suffering, and herein again there was much material for the vaudeville stage joke.

But all this is past, and Edmonton is at last in possession of a real post office. Its exterior architecture has been severely criticised, but its interior is certainly beyond criticism, and as for accommodation, and comfort, and convenience, it is doubtful that it can be surpassed in Western Canada, outside of Winnipeg. It has an efficient staff of employees with a very efficient postmaster at its head, a staff that has increased from half a dozen in the old days, to a staff of nearly two dozen at present.

The staff of the Edmonton post office found many homes since the early days before it finally moved into the palatial residence at the corner of McDougall and Rice. If you wish to get a glimpse of Edmonton's first post office, you may go to the top of the Ninth street hill, and look down at the crumbling walls of the white-washed old Hudson Bay fort, for it was within those walls, that, in the early days, before there was a real official representative of the Dominion government post office department here, that the mails for Edmonton were handled.

Edmonton was Fort Edmonton in those days, and the mails came to Richard Hardisty the factor, as a matter of course. When the mail carrier would arrive at the fort with the mails, which he brought by wagon trail from Calgary, in the '70's and '80's, Mr. Hardisty would take the mail sack, and dump the letters on the floor of the trading room in the Fort. There the settlers in and about Edmonton would come and pick out their mail as it lay on the floor.

It was not until the later '80's that this order of things was changed, and a post office was established on the top of the hill at First street, where the incline railway power house now stands.

The first postmaster in Edmonton was Frank Osborne, father of the present chief collector of customs. He was assisted sometimes by Alex. Taylor, who later became postmaster. Mr. Taylor moved the office down to a site on Jasper avenue opposite Queen's avenue, and there the office remained until it was removed to McDougall avenue in 1905.

In the fall of that year, Mr. Taylor retired, and Alex. May, the present postmaster was appointed. The post-office was then quartered in the building now occupied by the Bijou theatre on McDougall, and was the following year removed to the building erected for that purpose at the north-west corner of McDougall and Rice.

In the fall of 1907, this building was burned, and the post office took temporary quarters in the Mechanics' hall on Third street, until the building was renovated. Late last fall the new building, which had been building for three years, was completed, and the staff moved in.

In June, 1907, mail delivery about the city was first instituted. At present there are a staff of 12 delivery clerks, besides a staff of an equal number in the post office. The equipment of the new building includes some of the most modern post office appliances in use.

F. M. MORGAN PRESIDENT 1911 BOARD OF TRADE

(Continued from First Page.)

ser; professional, O. M. Biggar; grain and milling, A. B. Campbell; real estate, S. H. Smith; insurance, Jas. McGeorge; lumber, John McDonald.

Secretary's Report

Secretary Fisher presented a most interesting report comprehensively covering the entire activity of the board during the past year, setting forth the extensive publicity work that had been carried on. His report showed that a total of over 4000 letters had been received, 20,336 letters sent out, 92,561 pieces of literature distributed during the year. It also set forth the immense amount of work that has been done during the year in the way of entertainment, and the great results which had come of this particular work.

Financial Statement

The secretary's financial statement set forth a balance on hand of $339.20. It showed that a total of $17,059.50 had been taken in during the year including about $1400 from fees and special subscriptions.

It showed that $8742.00 had been spent on publicity and $503 in entertainment. It also set forth that a special fund of $1725 had been collected for publicity purposes.

East End Bridge

After the conclusion of the regular business of the annual meeting, a short discussion took place on the east end bridge question, Al. Brown introducing the subject. He said that some opposition had arisen to the site selected by the council, but that site, which was that at the foot of Marjorie street had been found to be the only practicable one. S. W. Candy said the city engineer had told him that it was a question of economy, not of engineering difficulties.

Ald. Lundy, chairman of the council committee which selected the site, explained the thorough investigation which had been made by the committee in company with City Engineer Latournel and provincial engineer Chalmers, and that the site at Marjorie street had been found to be the most feasible from the standpoint of easier grades, better footings in the river, and every other standpoint. The meeting appeared to be satisfied with this explanation.

President's Address

The following is in part the address delivered yesterday by the retiring president Jas. McGeorge.

Gentlemen:

In reviewing the last twelve months, I think we must do so with a great deal of satisfaction, as during the year just ended all branches of business, not only in the city of Edmonton, but over the whole district of Central and Northern Alberta have shown an increase in volume which I feel must be exceedingly gratifying to all concerned; and what is more encouraging still is the fact that in all reports to hand, a satisfactory profit has been shown with practically no failures. I believe business throughout the whole province is on a firmer basis than at any previous time in its history.

You will all agree with me that Edmonton's future trade depends to a very large extent on the development of its trade as a distributing centre. In view of this, the statistics of the year should be considered particularly satisfactory, as such expansion could only be rendered possible by the extension of the city's trade with the surrounding territory. Careful investigation amongst our wholesalers and industrial concerns establish the fact that Edmonton's distributing trade in 1910 exceeded that of 1909 by 50 per cent. Inquiries sent out to 88 shippers, only one reported no substantial increase in business, all reported collections good, and expectations of a yet greater increase in 1911.

The conditions are the best possible evidence (if any were needed) that the reports widely circulated at one time as to crop failures throughout the west, were entirely without foundation as far as Central Alberta was concerned.

Note of Warning

In real estate, which business has been active during the year, there is, I am glad to say, no evidence of a boom. While a great many large sales have taken place, it has been as a rule for investment and not speculation. Many purchases have been made for the purpose of erecting large business blocks this year. I think we ought to be congratulated upon the fact that no inflated values exist within our city at the present time, and let us hope this state of affairs will continue, as booms generally speaking, are followed by a reaction which is detrimental to the best interests of all parties concerned. While this is the case within the city limits, a word of warning might not be out of place regarding the placing of outlying sub-divisions upon the market which can only have farm land values for years to come, and which if persisted in, will redound to our discredit as a community.

Building Outlook Splendid

The manufacturing industries of our city remain in a most satisfactory condition, showing a steady increase for the year.

The builders and contractors also report a very satisfactory season. The plasterers' strike which threatened to somewhat retard building operations, I understand has been settled to the satisfaction of all concerned. I understand an arrangement has been arrived at between the contractors and labor interests which will prevent a like occurrence during the year we have just entered. We can therefore look forward to whatever building operations may be undertaken during 1911 being completed without any friction between the contractors and their men.

I think we are to be congratulated upon the inauguration of a fast freight and passenger service to and from Edmonton by the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company. Notwithstanding that this new road is getting a share of both passenger and freight traffic which their officials deem quite satisfactory, both the C. P. R. and C. N. R. report they have carried a greater volume of traffic into Edmonton than ever before.

I feel sure that it must be gratifying to our citizens to note the commencement of the high level bridge between this and the sister city of Strathcona, by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company. This will greatly increase the facilities for handling freight and passenger traffic both in and out of Edmonton. I am glad to note our city council has appointed a committee on which this board will be represented, for the purpose of entering into negotiations with the city of Strathcona for a union of the two municipalities, and trust by the time the bridge I have mentioned is completed, their negotiations will have reached a satisfactory conclusion, and that the two cities will be one in reality as well as in name.

Development in the outlying districts have shown a marked increase over the year 1909. Nearly 5,000 homestead entries have been made at the local land office during the year 1910. There has been a large movement of prosperous and experienced farmers on to the vacant lands in the older settlements. All these settlers will be producers this year thereby adding materially to the prosperity of Edmonton.

Railway Situation

I regret to say the railway development, so long anticipated by my predecessor in office, in his address last year, has not materialized. It is regrettable that the line from Strathcona to Camrose, so long promised, has not yet even been commenced. It is also a great disadvantage to the city that the line to Athabasca Landing is not operated as far as graded. But what seems to me to be of more importance to the city of Edmonton and surrounding country, is that the railways projected and approved Onward Fort McMurray and the Peace River districts are not yet commenced, with every evidence of the former having been abandoned for the present. These lines if constructed, would open up a vast amount of valuable territory tributary to Edmonton, and upon which the early development of our city largely depends. I notice a charter is being applied for to build a line from Prince Albert through the Athabasca country to Fort McMurray, etc. If this line is built and in operation before one is constructed and operated from Edmonton, all the traffic originating in that vast territory would be diverted through the province of Saskatchewan instead of through Alberta, which is the natural outlet for that trade.

Victory in Freight Rates

Every effort of the board during the year has been made to improve business conditions. Among the more important matters accomplished may be mentioned the case presented to the board of railway commissioners asking for such revision of through west bound freight rates into Edmonton as would remove the existing discrimination of rates in favor of certain distributing points further east. It will be remembered the Edmonton case was ably presented by Mr. Dowsett, and the board has since been notified that an order has been issued by the board of railway commissioners which virtually concedes the contention of this board. This is one of the most important decisions which has been given by the Commission regarding western traffic matters, is very far-reaching in its effects, and Edmonton's position as a distributing centre will be enhanced.

Secretary's Report

There have been held during the year thirteen regular meetings of the board, five special general meetings, thirteen meetings of sections, and 24 meetings of committees.

The following are some of the matters that have been considered and dealt with:

The establishment of an office of assistant inspector of weights and measures. This was taken up with the government and brought to a successful conclusion.

Notation on railway expense bills. Objection was taken to notation on expense bills considered undesirable by shippers, and in consequence of representations made, was withdrawn by the railway company.

Reduction of fees in connection with Land Assurance Fund.

Simplification of procedure in foreclosure of mortgage.

Extension of boundaries for free delivery of express parcels at Edmonton. This matter was taken up with the express companies and a partial measure of relief obtained.

The construction of railway northwesterly from Edmonton towards Peace River. A great deal of activity has been expended on this subject; many communications have been sent to both the Dominion and provincial governments, and numerous interviews have been had with the provincial government.

Discrimination in through railway rates to Edmonton, as compared with re-shipment at Winnipeg. This matter was taken up by this board very carefully to the railway commission, the case of the Edmonton board of trade being presented by Mr. J. C. Dowsett, resulting in an order from the board which it is hoped will result in the desired relief from unsatisfactory conditions. This is considered one of the most important cases ever presented to the railway commission in the west, and to be of particular importance to this city.

Another matter of freight rates taken up was the question of rates into Edmonton, as compared with the rates into Winnipeg for similar distances, Edmonton being discriminated against. This matter was brought to the attention of the railway company concerned, and it is understood has been adjusted to the satisfaction of the shippers interested.

The matter of change in the minimum weight of car loads shipments was also considered.

The matter of the completion of the Canadian Northern branch to Athabasca Landing and operation of that portion already constructed has been vigorously pressed by the board, with partial success.

The matter of improvement of facilities for handling traffic at St. Albert was taken up by the board, and it is understood that some improvement has been effected, and we have a promise from the C. N. R. to make very material further improvements in the spring.

The matter of switching charges and switching arrangements in Edmonton came in for a good deal of attention at the hands of the transportation committee, and some improvement was effected and further improvements are in sight.

The question of facilities for handling passenger traffic at Strathcona was gone into at considerable length with the Canadian Pacific railway, and it is believed some improvement was effected.

Ferry at Clover Bar. As in previous years, the pressing necessity for this small expenditure has been pressed upon the Provincial government by repeated representations, but so far with only partial success.

The matter of encouragement to be extended to new industries by the city was discussed at various times with members of the city council, and a conclusion has been reached by the city council largely in accord with the ideas advocated by the board.

The matter of negro immigration. The advisability of taking steps to check the influx of negroes was very strongly urged by various means upon the attention of the Dominion government. Certain measures were adopted which it was hoped would have a material effect in the direction desired, but it appears that these measures have not proved as effective as has been hoped.

New site for the office of Dominion lands. This matter was taken up with the Dominion government with the hope of having the land office moved into a location in the business centre of the city, but the negotiations were unsuccessful.

The matter of removal of express customs office was also taken up with the Dominion government.

Provincial taxation of foreign corporations. This question has been discussed by the board on many different occasions.

The reduction of commercial telegraph rates. This matter has come before the board at different times and the board of railway commissioners has ordered an independent investigation to be made into the whole subject, and the telegraph companies have been required to justify their rates.

Development of natural resources. Prof. Orton, Professor of Ceramics at the University of Ohio, was commissioned to come here to investigate the matter of possible development in clay products. Prof. Orton spent a week investigating local conditions, and a large number of samples of clay, etc., were shipped to him at Columbus, O., on which he was to make exhaustive tests and furnish a full report. The report has not yet been received.

Business Men's Trip. It was intended to organize a trip of Edmonton business men through tributary territory by special train. After a good deal of correspondence with the three railways, it was found impossible to arrange for the necessary equipment until the height of the busy season, late in the fall, when it was found that a large number of the men, most anxious to go, were unable to absent themselves from their business, and the project had to be abandoned for the time being. The secretary is now in communication with the railroads, with a view to arranging for the equipment during the coming season.

Building bylaws. The matter of enforcement of the building bylaws within the fire limits was taken up by the board, and brought to the attention of the city council.

Assaying minerals. In the absence of any public assay office in Edmonton, arrangements were made whereby the University of Alberta will undertake this work for prospectors and others.

Improvement to Athabasca Landing wagon road. A number of the northern members of the legislature were interested in this, and their promise of support obtained.

Bulk Sales Act. The necessity for legislation somewhat along the lines of that already in effect in British Columbia and Manitoba, was strongly urged upon the Provincial government, but it was not found practicable to get the desired legislation introduced at the session of 1910.

The necessity for railway communication northward into the Athabasca river country received a great deal of attention at the hands of the board, and the matter was brought very strongly to the attention of the provincial government.

Sheffield Choir. The matter of the proposed Empire trip of this aggregation of English business men was viewed by the board from its business and development rather than its musical aspect, and assurances of support were extended to Dr. Hariss, which resulted in Edmonton being included in the Choir's itinerary.

Reciprocity with the United States. The question of reciprocity with United States has come before the board by way of a communication from various sources.

East End Bridge. The necessity for additional means of communication between the two sides of the river was strongly urged upon the attention of the city council.

Peddlers and transient traders. Recommendation was made to the city council, following closely in accordance with resolution from the Edmonton Retailers' Association, urging for better civic regulations in regard to this class of business.

Records for the entire years are not complete; but for the nine months before last April, there were received at this office about 166 letters. There were sent out from the office 20,236 letters and 22,561 pieces of literature to individuals, irrespective of parcels of printed matter sent out to various railway offices, immigration officials, etc., or what has been delivered to callers at the counter. No literature has been sent out "broadcast."

The season has been one of great activity in the matter of affording opportunities to visitors of importance and influence, to acquire information in regard to the resources of the district and the advantages of Edmonton as its commercial and industrial centre. Such courtesies have been extended to several large parties, such as the party of Winnipeg business men, consisting of 72 of the leading men of the Manitoba capital; the party of prominent journalists taken into the Peace river country by the enterprise and public spiritedness of Mr. J. K. Cornwall, and gathered together by Mr. Herbert Vanderhoof; of party of some ten journalists and agricultural editors brought out by Mr. Arthur Hawkes, and Mr. Herbert Vanderhoof; the party of 14 leading west of England business men accompanied by representatives of some important journals, brought out by Mr. Arthur Hawkes, of the Canadian Northern Railway; the party of members of the Canadian Manufacturers Association and their families, 228 in all, comprising the heads of many of the most important industrial enterprises in Canada, in addition a very large number of individuals prominent in the commercial, financial, industrial, political and journalistic world, have been shown about and furnished information by the secretary or other officers of the board.

COUNCIL WILL DISCUSS GRAVITY WATER SCHEME

(Continued from First Page.)

was received just prior to the opening of the meeting of the council, and totals $189,892.

The total capital expenditures of the department are as follows:

Electric Light and Power	$2,850.00
Health department	8,700.00
Fire department	25,685.75
Telephone department	130,000.00
Stores department	2,000.00
Street railway	187,592.14
Engineering department	614,250.00
Police department	4,625.00
Waterworks	167,850.00
Warehouse on market square	12,250.00
Purchase of 2.54 acres of land west of power plant	7,600.00
Expended on power plant since Oct. 31	18,698.79
Total	$1,223,800.68

In order to preserve the city's rights in respect to power development on the Athabasca river, application will be made immediately to the department of the interior. In the meantime a new offer is to be made by the Edmonton Heat and Power Co., whose representative M. W. Eager, was in attendance at the council meeting last evening.

Government Should Act

Ald. Hyndman, in the course of discussion of the power question, emphasized the urgent need of action by the provincial government to conserve to Alberta her resources in undeveloped hydro-electric power. Fielding's report demonstrated that adequate power might be generated on the Athabasca river to meet the needs of the Edmonton and of the whole of northern Alberta. Every municipality south to Red Deer might be served as a transmission line from the Athabasca river. The undertaking was so gigantic that it could not be undertaken by the city alone, in so satisfactory a manner as it might be handled by the government.

"If our street railway finances had been on a similar basis to those of the Calgary street railway, the department would have shown a surplus instead of a deficit last year," Ald. Lundy declared in taking exception to the proportion of street paving charged to the street railway in past years. He thought the charges for paving to this department altogether excessive "All they do in Calgary is to charge for the difference between the cost of paving and the cost of the railway roadbed," said Ald. McInnis. He agreed with Ald. Lundy's view.

"On Namayo avenue," said he, "the property owners pay 42 per cent of the cost of paving, and the street railway the rest, while the city pays nothing."

The whole question will be investigated by the assessment commissioner, street railway committee, the city commissioners and the street railway superintendent.

Current estimates were passed to the total amount of $396,455. Salaries will be discussed at a special meeting to be called for consideration of capital estimates.

Would Retain Fire Chief

No effort will be spared by the city council to retain the services of Fire Chief Davidson. A special committee of the council, Ald. Lundy, Grindley and McInnis will act in conjunction with the mayor and commissioners in approaching Mr. Davidson. If a substantial increase in salary will retain him in the city's services he will be retained. Ald. Hyndman moved the appointment of the committee last evening, and in common with other members of the council, spoke in commendation of the invaluable services which Mr. Davidson has rendered. The special committee will report to the council at a special committee on Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

The commissioners reported that they have entered into correspondence with a number of firms regarding the cost of installing a gas plant and distributing system. Replies are expected from all within a couple of weeks. The firms will be asked to state what period would be required for the preparing of a detailed report. The communication was filed.

Gravity Water Scheme

Writing in behalf of F. W. Gray, Short, Cross, Biggar & Cowan stated that their client was prepared to meet the city for the purpose of entering an agreement to supply Edmonton with water from Pigeon Lake. The communication was laid on the table, to be taken up later.

Correspondence from the commissioners regarding S. W. Candy's claim for damages alleged to have arisen from the condition of an old sewer on the south side of Jasper avenue near Namayo avenue, was filed.

Favor Union Stations

The council gave its approval to a resolution forwarded by the board of trade of Berlin, Ont., urging that the railway commission be requested to adopt regulations to compel the adoption of union stations in cities serve by more than one line. It was pointed out that such powers would not need to be applied in Edmonton in respect at least to the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Tenders for the renting of the market premises will be opened by the commissioners this afternoon. The tenders vary from $153 to $2,000 for the privilege of renting the market square for one year.

Request Water Service

Regarding the application of the village of West Edmonton for the extension of the water supply outside the city limits, and the application for an extension of the electric light service by residents north and south of Alberta avenue, outside the city limits, the commissioners advised that neither request be granted. They pointed out that to extend such privileges to persons living outside of the city limits, would be to be a burden on the ratepayers of Edmonton, and declared that to grant one such request would create an undesirable precedent. The cost of the extension of water service to West Edmonton would be $1275, and of the extension of electric light service as desired would cost $2,000. The reports were laid on the table.

A motion, made a verbal offer of the sale of 15 acres of the Hargman estate for industrial site purposes, for $1200 an acre, he was instructed to make his offer by letter.

Copies of the report of Alex. Potter, C.E., on the future sewage and water systems of Edmonton, were submitted to the aldermen for consideration in connection with the capital estimates of the year.

Mayor Armstrong advocated the adoption of a definite plan of city planning. He thought the question should be dealt with on a comprehensive scale. The parks committee will take the question up.

An application by the Y. M. C. A. for a rebate on water and light charges, and in respect to taxation was referred to the finance committee.

The council granted $200 to the Children's Aid Society to meet current ex-

(Continued on Page Eight.)

DYSPEPSIA

Can Be Cured.

This disease is the all prevailing malady of civilized life, and one which oftenest baffles all ordinary treatment. It gives rise to a great variety of distressing symptoms, such as distress after eating, rising and souring of food, wind in the stomach, heartburn, etc.

Nearly everything that enters a weak dyspeptic stomach acts as an irritant; hence the great difficulty of effecting a cure.

The long train of distressing symptoms, which render life a burden to the victim of dyspepsia, may be promptly cured by the use of Burdock Blood Bitters.

B.B.B. regulates the stomach, liver and bowels, stimulates secretion of the saliva and gastric juice to facilitate digestion, purifies the blood, and tones up the entire system.

Mrs. Herman Dichena, Benton, N.B., writes: "I have used Burdock Blood Bitters and find that few medicines can give such relief in dyspepsia and stomach troubles. I was troubled for a number of years with dyspepsia, and could get no relief until I tried Burdock Blood Bitters. I took three bottles and became cured, and I can now eat anything without it hurting me. I will highly recommend it to all who are troubled with stomach trouble."

Manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

STYLE QUALITY

THE Acme COMPANY LIMITED

DEPARTMENT STORES

PHONE EXCHANGE 1121

CIVILITY DISPATCH

Huge Remnant Sale

REMNANTS all perfectly clean and good prices ridiculously low for QUICK SELLING. A motley of REMNANTS AND ODDMENTS of all descriptions including DRESS GOODS, SILKS, VELVETS, VELVETEENS, STAPLES, COTTONS, FLANNELS, RIBBONS, LACES, EMBROIDERIES, ETS., ETC.

Talk about Remnants—We have them here galore—small and large—PRICES TO SUIT ALL PURSES—that will mean mighty quick selling.

Many Marked at Actual Cost Price.
Many Marked Below Actual Cost.
Many Marked at Half Price.
Many Marked Below Half Price.

All Marked at True Remnant Prices.
That will help you save dollars on many useful lines.

THE ENTIRE DRY GOODS FLOOR SPACE devoted to the sale of REMNANTS AND ODDMENTS—Why?—Simply to clear out all broken lines before the arrival of the new Spring goods.

To classify would confuse—here is a partial list:

Dress Goods, Silks and Domestics—Five CountersHeaped with Bargains

Panamas
Serges
Tweeds
Lustres
Cashmeres
Meltons
Henrettas
Satin Pannes
Venetians
Broadcloths

Eoliennes
Silk and Wool Goods
Dress Linings
Velvets
Velveteens
Tamoline Silks
Taffeta Silks
Fancy Silks
Fiannelettes
Flannels

Cottons
Sheetings
Cotton Cashmeres
Sateens
Shirtings
Prints
Ginghams
Table Linens
Towellings
Crepes
Bear Cloths

Waist lengths, Skirt lengths, Dress lengths, Lengths for Children's Wear, and staple articles of endless variety. Your Inspection is Invited. Your Purchase Appreciated.

Remnants of Ribbons, Laces, Embroideries

A sale counter loaded with useful ends MARKED AT HALF PRICE AND IN SOME INSTANCES LESS.

Satin Ribbons—all widths.
Taffeta Ribbons—all widths.
Corded Ribbons—all widths.

Baby Ribbons.
Dresden Ribbons.
Paisley Ribons and many Fancies.

Laces and Embroideries in useful ends without number.

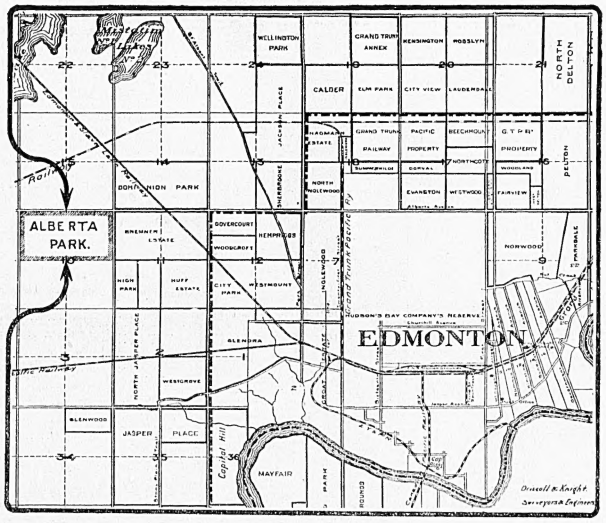
BUY ALBERTA PARK ACREAGE TODAY

The Most Attractive Acreage Proposition on the Market. Only 60 Five-Acre Blocks offered. Price so Low that the Entire Sixty Blocks are Certain to go Quickly. Laid out on a plan to Re-subdivision easy. Buy now at Acreage Prices and realize in a short time at City Lot Prices.

A Sound Investment

IT WOULD be impossible to lose money in acreage adjacent to the city limits of Edmonton. Those who have seen the city grow for the last five years know what extension to expect in the next five. New industries, new radials and new railways are coming. The city is growing at a wonderful rate. All this adjacent property will be required in the near future. It is only a question of what property can be bought

At the Best Price and on the Best Terms



Some Inducements

ALBERTA park offers inducements which can not be duplicated elsewhere. The land lies high and dry, is easily drained and well wooded, the ideal site for market garden, truck farm, chicken ranch or suburban residence. The price is surprisingly low for property so close to the city and the terms are as reasonable as could be asked for. Property on Alberta Avenue can be bought now at acreage prices. It will soon be selling at city lot prices.

The Opportunity Which is Presented will not last Long

FIVE ACRE BLOCKS $250 PER ACRE AND UP

TERMS

One-Quarter Cash; Balance, 6, 12 and 18 Months

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ASK YOUR OWN REAL ESTATE BROKER ABOUT THIS PROPOSITION

EDMONTON'S BIG BONSPIEL RESULTS AND OTHER SPORTS

GRAND CHALLENGE

T. G. Ogilvie, Innisfail 12
A. E. Walker, Vegreville 3
J. W. McLellan, Granite 11
F. Walker, Fort 9
G. W. Marriott, Strathcona —
Capt. Barbay, Lauding, defaulted —
T. C. Tarrant, Calgary 14
Beck, Yorkton 8
J. B. Holden, Vegreville 10
H. C. Madeod, Macleod 8
W. Forbes, Calgary 14
D. C. Bayne, Banff 10
H. P. Ross, Capital 7
John Rae, Granite 15
J. J. McCauley, Tofield 9
Dr. W. Brett, Banff 17

Onsum 6 / McLellan 5 → McLellan 5
McLellan 12 → Tarrant 14
Tarrant 15 → Tarrant 8
Marriott 11 → Tarrant 10
Holden 17 → Holland 16
Forbes 12 → Holden 2
Rae 5 / Brett 9 → Brett 15

A. B. Dunham, Granite 10
G. A. Venner, Granite 8
F. S. Pingle, Medicine Hat 12
K. B. Gillis, High River 7
D. S. Irwin, Fort Saskatchewan 18
W. Landkamer, Daysland 14
Judge Forin, Granite 12
E. O'Donnell, Daysland 11
J. W. McBrine, Castor 10
J. R. Staples, Wetaskiwin 11
F. E. Smale, Capital 8
W. P. Ritchie, Strathcona 10
P. E. Ross, Wainwright 10
H. W. Campbell, Capital 11
G. C. Bentley, Stettler 6
J. Dunlop, Granite 12
T. J. Walsh, Strathcona 11
G. W. Massie, Capital 10
H. S. McLeod, Calgary 9
W. Slater, Vermillion 13
W. Alexander, Banff 8
R. B. McCleish, Granite 10
A. C. Fraser, Capital 9
H. W. Martin, Capital 14
A. A. Waters, Bankhead 4
A. C. Smith, Calgary 14
M. W. Webb, Capital 9
M. Speers, Yorkton 14
J. Horton, Vegreville 8
A. J. McLean, Strathcona 11
Wm. Telford, Vermillion —
E. G. Rodell, Wetaskiwin, defaulted —
A. J. McDonald, Strathcona 9
E. H. Simpson, Capital 14
Dr. Darling, Capital 7
R. W. Fairley, Calgary 8
W. H. Sheppard, Strathcona 14
M. McCauley, Granite 5
W. H. R. Gardiner, Calgary 13
W. P. Vanderberg, Wetaskiwin 13
S. Freeze, Calgary 12
P. E. Bowen, Strathcona 9
T. Kelly, Strathcona 13
C. F. Fisher, Granite 11
E. J. Fletcher, Calgary 15
G. F. Downes, Strathcona 6
W. Dunlop, Stettler, defaulted —
A. H. Dickins, Capital —
A. Hudson, Provost 4
A. McKillop, Calgary 14

Dunham 9 / Pingle 16 → Pingle 6
Pingle 10 → Pingle 6
Irwin 10 → Irwin 8
Forin 10 → Walsh 8
McCleish 15 → McCleish 13
Martin 9 → Walsh 8
Smith 13 → Smith 9
Speers 12 → Telford 7
McLean 9 / Telford 12 → Telford 7
Telford 15 → Darling 6
Simpson 7 → Darling 13 → Sheppard 10
Darling 13 → Sheppard 22
Gardiner 8 → Freeze 7
Freeze 16 → Freeze 7
Kelley 5 → Freeze 7
Fletcher 14 / Fletcher 9 → McKillop 10
Dickins 11 → McKillop 10
McKillop 10 → McKillop 11

C. Nairn, Capital 11
R. V. Wellver, Red Deer 9
W. A. Wilson, Innisfail 11
H. Polle, High River 10
C. Stenton, Banff 8
Col. Edwards, Capital 9
G. Clarke, Granite defaulted
New. Pearson, Granite —
W. H. McMahon, Strathcona 15
W. Archibald, Capital 3
M. Thom, Capital 14
McNaughton, Yorkton 6

Nairn 11 → Polle 9
Polle 12 → McKillop 10
Edwards 7 / Pearson 15 → McMahon 9
McMahon 16 → McMahon 9
Thom

TUCKETT TROPHY

G. C. Bentley, Stettler 2
F. E. Bowan, Strathcona 12
Judge Forin, Granite 12
W. H. Sheppard, Strathcona 9
J. M. Thom, Capital 5
John Rae, Granite 12
T. G. Ogilvie, Innisfail 12
M. F. Webb, Capital 11
H. C. McLean, Macleod 12
F. Walker, Fort Saskatchewan 15
A. H. Dickins, Capital 12
D. C. Bayne, Banff 9
Dr. McQueen, Tofield defaulted
S. P. Kelly, Strathcona —
W. Landkamer, Dayland 11
H. W. Campbell, Capital 16

Bowen 16 / Forin 13 → Bowen 12
Rae 4 → Onsum 11
Onsum 17 → Walker 5 → Dickins 7
Walker 5 → Dickins 9 → Campbell 11
Kelly 5 / Campbell 12 → Campbell 17

H. S. McLeod, Calgary 12
R. B. Wellver, Red Deer 7
T. C. Tarrant, Calgary 10
G. F. Downes, Strathcona 10
W. Dunlop, Stettler 7
J. R. Staples, Wetaskiwin 8
F. E. Ross, Wainwright 10
Dr. Darling, Capital 5
Wm. Speers, Yorkton 13
B. B. McCleish, Granite 11
B. B. Ross, Capital 13
M. McCauley, Granite 21
E. O'Donnell, Dayland 8
W. P. Vanderberg, Wetaskiwin —
E. G. Rodell, Wetaskiwin defaulted
G. W. Massie, Capital 17
A. Archibald, Capital 12
McNaughton, Yorkton 10
C. F. Fisher, Granite 6
K. B. Gillis, High River 8
R. W. Fairley, Calgary 11
J. Horton, Vegreville 19
J. J. McCauley, Tofield 9
W. C. Ritchie, Strathcona —
Geo. Clarke, Granite defaulted
H. High, High River 12
A. C. Fraser, Capital 11
G. W. Marriott, Strathcona 14
C. Nairn, Capital 4
A. G. Waters, Bankhead 10
T. J. Walsh, Strathcona 11
H. M. Martin, Capital 11
W. H. McMahon, Strathcona 12
O. C. Smith, Calgary 10
F. S. Pingle, Medicine Hat 11
E. H. Simpson, Capital 13
Hudson, Provost 8
Wm. Telford, Vermilion 11
Gardiner, Calgary 8
D. C. Bayne, Banff 12
W. Forbes, Calgary 11
J. Dunlop, Granite 12
A. J. McLean, Strathcona 6
D. S. Irwin, Fort Saskatchewan 15
R. J. McDonald, Strathcona 5
A. M. Walker, Vegreville 7
Rev. R. Pearson, Granite 9
E. J. Fletcher, Calgary 18
Col. Edwards, Capital 4
C. Stroten, Banff 4
A. McKillop, Calgary 18

Bowen 12 → Bowen 12
Onsum 11 → Bowen 13
Dickins 7 → Campbell 11
Staples— → McLeod 8
McLeod 13 → McLeod 8
Downer 8 → McLeod 9
Staples— → Staples 9
Speers— → Ross 14 → Hoss 11
McCauley 11 → Massie 8
Vanderberg .. 7 → Massie 12
Massie 8 → McNaubhton ...11 → McNaughton 9
Fairley 8 → Horton 6
Horton 16 → Horton 12
Ritchie 8 → Polle 13 → Polle 16
Marriott 8 → Polle 6
Walsh 8 → McMahon 9
McMahon 13 → Smith 8 → Smith 10
Simpson 7 → Smith 8
Gardiner 8 → Boyne 9
Bayne 9 → Dunlop 10
Dunlop 9 → Irwin 8 → Fletcher ...11
Dunlop 10 → Walker 10 → Fletcher 11
Fletcher 11
McKillop 15 → McKillop 15

Slater, Vermilion 9
G. A. Venner, Granite 11
W. A. Wilson, Innisfail 6
J. B. Holden, Vegreville 10
L. Beck, Yorkton 8
W. W. McBride, Castor 9
Dr. Brett, Banff 5
F. L. Smale, Capital 14
W. Alexander, Banff 8
A. V. Dunham, Granite 2
J. S. Freeze, Calgary 14

Venner 8 / Holden 10 → McKillop 12
McBrine 9 → McBrine 11 → McBrine 6
Smale 8 / Alexander 8 → Freeze 9
Freeze 9

BREWERY CUP

J. B. Holden, Vegreville 15
H. M. Martin, Capital 10
G. P. Fisher, Granite 6
E. J. Fletcher, Calgary 16
F. L. Smale, Capital 17
H. Landkamer, Dayland 10
J. J. McCauley, Tofield 4
G. F. Downes, Strathcona 15
K. B. Gillis, High River—
W. H. Gardiner, Calgary—
G. C. Fraser, Capital 15
Dr. Darling, Capital 10
R. B. Wellver, Red Deer 13
J. Horton, Vegreville 14

Holden 6 / Fletcher 12
Fletcher 12 / Smale 11
Smale 9 / Downes 5 → Gillis 10
Gillis 10 / Fraser 11 → Horton 5
Horton 17 → Beck 10

P. E. Ross, Wainwright—
Dr. McQueen, Tofield defaulted
A. H. Dickins, Capital 11
W. A. Wilson, Innisfail 12
M. Mccauley, Granite 15
J. Slater, Vermilion 16
G. A. Venner, Granite 13
E. H. Simpson, Capital 11
C. Stenton, Banff 8
J. R. Staples, Wetaskiwin 12
L. B. Freeze, Calgary 4
F. Walker, Fort Saskatchewan 14
B. P. Ross, Capital 4
A. McKillop, Capital 15
Speers, Yorkton 11
Wm. Telford, Vermilion 5
Judge Forin, Granite 10
W. Brett, Banff 9
F. S. Pingle, Medicine Hat 2
W. G. Ritchie, Strathcona 12
O. W. Walker, Vegreville 9
A. J. McLean, Strathcona 15
W. P. Vanderberg, Wetaskiwin 8
Rev. R. Pearson, Granite 12
W. Dunlop, Stettler 9
John Rae, Granite 12
W. H. McMahon, Strathcona 15
A. A. Waters, Bankhead 10
W. Alexander, Banff 5
G. W. Massie, Capital 12
S. P. Kelly, Strathcona 13
R. J. McDonald, Strathcona 9
A. B. Dunham, Granite 12
J. Dunlop, Granite 11
T. M. Thom, Capital 18
A. C. Bentley, Stettler 6
H. W. Campbell, Capital 8
McNaughton, Yorkton 6
J. W. McBrine, Castor 13
R. W. Fairley, Calgary 11
J. C. Tarrant, Calgary 14
M. C. McLeod, Macleod 6
Col. Edward, Capital 8
Hudson, Provost 14
W. Forbes, Calgary 8
T. J. Walsh, Strathcona 15
T. A. Onsum, Innisfail 12
Wm. Capital 10
McIver, Yorkton 2
D. C. Bayne, Banff 9
H. Polle, High River 7
F. E. Bowen, Strathcona 11
H. S. McLeod, Calgary 10
G. W. Merriott, Strathcona 12
D. S. Irwin, Fort Saskatchewan 7
Geo. Clark, Granite Defaulted
J. McLellan, Granite 8
A. Archibald, Capital 10
M. W. Webb, Capital 13
W. H. Sheppard, Strathcona 14
E. O'Donnell, Dayland 9
R. B. McCleish, Granite 9
O. C. Smith, Calgary 8

Fletcher 12 / Gillis (default) .. → Gillis (default) ..
Smale 9 / Pingle 9
Fraser 8 / Dunlop 8
Onsum 13
McLeod 12
Fairley 13
Irwin 12
Wilson 16
Gardiner 12
Watters
McKillop
Ritchie 2 / Hutson 10
McLean 9 / Telford 11
McMahon 7 / McMahon 20 → McMahon 7
Massie 12 → Massie 4
Kelly 6
Thom 3 / Campbell 13 → Campbell 11
Campbell 16 → McBrine 4
McBrine 14
Tarrant 6 / Hutson 8
Hotson 11
Walsh 7 → Onsum 13
Onsum 16
Bayne 10 → Bowen 13
Bowen 12
Down 15
Merriott—
McKellon 15
McLellan 17
Webb 4 / McLillan. 10
Sheppard 7 / McCleish 12 → McCleish 18

VISITORS

Slater, Vermilion 5
E. J. Fletcher, Calgary 15
E. O'Donnell, Dayland 7
Beck, Yorkton 19
Speers, Yorkton 6
R. B. Gillis, High River 11
J. R. Staples, Wetaskiwin 16
W. Alexander, Banff 4
M. C. McLean, Macleod 4
F. S. Pingle, Medicine Hat 18
W. Dunlop, Stettler 8
McNaughton, Yorkton 13
J. J. McCauley, Tofield 7
T. A. Onsum, Innisfail 10
H. S. McLeod, Calgary 12
G. C. Bentley, Stettler 8
I. S. Freeze, Calgary 1
R. H. Farley, Calgary 13
D. S. Irwin, Fort Saskatchewan 11
J. Horton, Vegreville 10
W. H. R. Gardiner, Calgary 8
R. H. Wellver, Red Deer 8
A. A. Waters, Bankhead 10
G. W. Walker, Vegreville 7
A. McKillop, Calgary 13
W. Landkamer, Dayland 11
O. C. Smith, Calgary 12
J. B. Holden, Vegreville 12
W. P. Vanderberg, Wetaskiwin 3
F. Walker, Fort Saskatchewan 13
W. Forbes, Calgary 13
Dr. Brett, Banff 5
Hudson, Provost 10
C. Stenton, Banff 8
D. C. Bayne, Banff 6
Wm. Telford, Vermilion 13
McIver, Saltcoats 12

Bowen 16 / Forin 13 → Bowen 12
Rae 4 → Onsum 11
Onsum 17 → Walker 5 → Dickins 7
Walker 5 → Dickins 9 → Campbell 11
Kelly 5 / Campbell 12 → Campbell 17

H. S. McLeod, Calgary 12
R. B. Wellver, Red Deer 7
T. C. Tarrant, Calgary 10
G. F. Downes, Strathcona 10
W. Dunlop, Stettler 7
J. R. Staples, Wetaskiwin 8
F. E. Ross, Wainwright 10
Dr. Darling, Capital 5
Wm. Speers, Yorkton 13
B. B. McCleish, Granite 11
B. B. Ross, Capital 13
M. McCauley, Granite 21
E. O'Donnell, Dayland 8
W. P. Vanderberg, Wetaskiwin —
E. G. Rodell, Wetaskiwin defaulted
G. W. Massie, Capital 17
A. Archibald, Capital 12
McNaughton, Yorkton 10
C. F. Fisher, Granite 6
K. B. Gillis, High River 8
R. W. Fairley, Calgary 11
J. Horton, Vegreville 19
J. J. McCauley, Tofield 9
W. C. Ritchie, Strathcona —
Geo. Clarke, Granite defaulted
H. High, High River 12
A. C. Fraser, Capital 11
G. W. Marriott, Strathcona 14
C. Nairn, Capital 4
A. G. Waters, Bankhead 10
T. J. Walsh, Strathcona 11
H. M. Martin, Capital 11
W. H. McMahon, Strathcona 12
O. C. Smith, Calgary 10
F. S. Pingle, Medicine Hat 11
E. H. Simpson, Capital 13
Hudson, Provost 8
Wm. Telford, Vermilion 11
Gardiner, Calgary 8
D. C. Bayne, Banff 12
W. Forbes, Calgary 11
J. Dunlop, Granite 12
A. J. McLean, Strathcona 6
D. S. Irwin, Fort Saskatchewan 15
R. J. McDonald, Strathcona 5
A. M. Walker, Vegreville 7
Rev. R. Pearson, Granite 9
E. J. Fletcher, Calgary 18
Col. Edwards, Capital 4
C. Stroten, Banff 4
A. McKillop, Calgary 18

Bowen 12 → Bowen 12
Onsum 11 → Bowen 13
Dickins 7 → Campbell 11
Staples— → McLeod 8
McLeod 13 → McLeod 8
Downer 8 → McLeod 9
Staples— → Staples 9
Speers— → Ross 14 → Hoss 11
McCauley 11 → Massie 8
Vanderberg .. 7 → Massie 12
Massie 8 → McNaubhton ...11 → McNaughton 9
Fairley 8 → Horton 6
Horton 16 → Horton 12
Ritchie 8 → Polle 13 → Polle 16
Marriott 8 → Polle 6
Walsh 8 → McMahon 9
McMahon 13 → Smith 8 → Smith 10
Simpson 7 → Smith 8
Gardiner 8 → Boyne 9
Bayne 9 → Dunlop 10
Dunlop 9 → Irwin 8 → Fletcher ...11
Dunlop 10 → Walker 10 → Fletcher 11
Fletcher 11
McKillop 15 → McKillop 15

Slater, Vermilion 9
G. A. Venner, Granite 11
W. A. Wilson, Innisfail 6
J. B. Holden, Vegreville 10
L. Beck, Yorkton 8
W. W. McBride, Castor 9
Dr. Brett, Banff 5
F. L. Smale, Capital 14
W. Alexander, Banff 8
A. V. Dunham, Granite 2
J. S. Freeze, Calgary 14

Venner 8 / Holden 10 → McKillop 12
McBrine 9 → McBrine 11 → McBrine 6
Smale 8 / Alexander 8 → Freeze 9
Freeze 9

BURNS

Watters 10
Massie 14
Irwin 4
Walsh 15
Hudson 12
Archibald .. 10
McLean 8

Massie 8 / Walsh 7
Hudson 9 → Dunlop 11
J. Dunlop 12
Bayne 12 → Bayne 11
Ritchie 12
Simpson 7 → Fraser 14
Fraser 11
Bowen 13 → Bowen 9
Fisher 8
Fraser 17 → Pingle 5
Pearson 10
Slater 10 → Slater 7
Beck 2
Nairn 9 → McLean 8
McLean 10
Walker 12
Dunlop 11
Campbell 11
Edwards 8
Smith 12
McIver 10
Onsum 11 → Onsum 10
McLean 12
Fletcher 16
Martin 8
Polle 10 / Polle 11
Ross 7
Tarrant. 10

Thom 12 / Freeze 7
Freeze 13
Dickens 12 / Dickens 15
Ross 9

There's No Risk

IF THIS MEDICINE DOES NOT BENEFIT YOU PAY NOTHING

A physician who made a specialty of stomach troubles, particularly dyspepsia, after years of study perfected the formula from which Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets are made.

Our experience with Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets leads us to believe them to be the greatest remedy known for the relief of acute indigestion and chronic dyspepsia. Their ingredients are soothing and healing to the inflamed membranes of the stomach. They are rich in pepsin, one of the greatest digestive aids known to medicine. The relief they afford is almost immediate. Their use with persistency of regularity for a short time brings about a cessation of the pains caused by stomach disorders.

Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets will insure healthy appetite, aid digestion and promote nutrition. As evidence of our sincere faith in Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets, we ask you to try them at our risk. If they do not give you entire satisfaction we will return you the money paid us for them, without question or formality. They come in three sizes, prices 25 cents, 50 cents and $1.00. Remember you can obtain them only at—The Rexall Store. A. Archibald.

Tucked under the "L" road on a west side street, in New York is a little coffee stand whose proprietor scorns a claim that he sells the "best coffee in town." Anybody can do that—and almost every coffee-vendor does.

This man's claim is something more subtle. On a large sign covering the entire stand one reads this:

"The only respectable coffee."

SWEDES FEARED NEXT OLYMPIC

Hjerberg, Famous Trainer Will Have Charge of Swedish Athletes.

Chicago, Jan. 25.—"Watch out for Sweden in the Olympian games at Stockholm next year," said Everet C. Brown, president of the Amateur Athletic Union of America, yesterday, just before he started for New York to attend a meeting of some of the United States representatives to the Olympiad.

"The native sons" have gone out for the world's athletic championships with blood in their eyes, and with the training they will have, added to their natural ability they displayed in London in 1908, they are going to cut considerable figure at Stockholm.

"I do not want to be accused of lack of patriotism or anything like that because of my statement," continued the president. "My aim is to warn the athletes of this country that they will have to be up and doing every minute of the time if they want to figure at the top in the final count, for Sweden the polo grounds in New York—accommodate 34,000 persons. Yet it was wise announced in the Chicago papers that the Cubs played this year before crowds more than 33,000 strong.

A ball player looks around at a crowd that fills the grounds and overflows onto the field and reads in the papers during the championship season) that 30,000 bugs turned out to see the combat. Te same crowd becomes about 22,000 in games conducted under the auspices of the National commission. The athlete then assumes that the National commission, needing the money, has appropriated some 8,00 admission fees and suggests that the players have a representative on the rate.

Few Enormous Crowds.

There have been mighty few 30,000 crowds at games this year, but there have been many assemblages above the 20,000 mark. No major league club has lost money, but many of the teams have not made as much coin as their owners expected to make. The biggest money-maker of all this year was the Chicago National league club, with the Giants a fair second in the older organization, followed in order by Pittsburg, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Brooklyn, Philadelphia and Boston.

In the American league the Red Sox and Tigers probably have made more money for John T. Taylor and Frank J. Navin respectively than have the is going to leave nothing undone to turn the trick.

Government Interested.

"As a starter, the government is back of the movement by which Ernie Hjertberg, formerly coach of the New York Irish-American Athletic Club, has been secured to train the Swedish athletes, and he has been given free rein in his work. At present he is engaged in scouring the entire country for athletes from all stages of life and every time he lands a man who looks like a 'comer' he puts that individual to work with the promise of a place on the Olympic team if he shows enough class. "Hjertberg has nothing to do but attend to his work, and as it was his team, the Irish-Americans, which piled up the greatest total of points at London, it is only reasonable to suppose that he can make a good showing next year, considering the material he will have at his disposal.

John I. Taylor has signed a couple more pitchers. One is Tom O'Brien, formerly of Brocton, Mass. The other is Chris Mahoney, the old-time Fordham player. Patsy Donovan now has 15 men signed for 1911.

MAY PURCHASE GROVES

Sacremento, Jan. 24.—Danger that the Calaveras big trees may fall into private ownership and the gigantic Requoias be used for commercial purposes caused Senator Caminetti to introduce a resolution to-day calling upon congress to purchase the groves and make them a public park.

IT ALL HELPS

(Ottawa Citizen)

Every cloud has a silver lining. Renfrew voted for local option and the filtration system begins at once to turn out pure water.

WHAT CAN RADIUM CURE?

The gift of a gramme of radium made by Sir Ernest Cassel to the new Radium Institute, which he founded at the suggestion of the late King, will inaugurate a series of experiments of great significance. To this institute, now practically ready for work, and to the researches in progress at the Cancer Research Department of the Middlesex Hospital and at kindred institutions, the world is eagerly looking for further knowledge of this mysterious element. For in the elucidation of the powers of radium lies the answer to the vital question: What can radium cure?

Twelve years of eager experiment have passed since Professor and Mme. dium. Almost at once reports of the curative powers of the new mineral were published. Has radium, after twelve years' tests, justified that early reputation?

The diseased states in which radium has been cried range from the most malignant internal cancers to baldness. Such widely diverse ailments as facial paralysis, neuralgia, rheumatism, hydrophobia, indigestion, and skin diseases have been reported as cured by the wonderful new mineral. A few years ago reports of a cure of hydrophobia in rabbits presented to the Scientific Academy of Bologna by a well-known Italian professor evoked such enthusiasm that it was freely conjectured that the Pasteur treatment of hydrophobia would soon be pushed into the background by the new radium treatment.

WOULD LET HIM OFF

"Didn't you promise me never to do it again?"

"Yes, sir."

"And I said I'd whip you if you did, didn't I?"

"Yes, pa; but as I didn't keep my promise I wouldn't hold you to yours."—Boston Transcript.

Edith: "Mercy! Here's a telegram from Jack. He's been hurt in the football game." Ethel: "What does he say?" Edith: "He says, 'Nose broken! How do you prefer it set—Greek or Roman."

HER BELIEF

Police Judge Simon Hahn, while addressing a political meeting one night, relating an incident in reference to telling the same tale over and over again.

"You know," said the judge, "that the speeches made at political meetings are all very nearly alike. But, to get something different is the proper thing nowadays.

"It puts me in mind of a case of a woman who appeared before a certain magistrate, and when asked her age said she was 30 years old. The judge looked at her and said: "See here, madame, weren't you before me five years ago, and didn't you tell me then that you were 30 years old?' The woman said that was so, and the judge asked her what she meant by coming before him and telling an untruth.'

"The woman replied: 'Well, you see, your honor, I'm one of those kind of women who do not believe in saying one thing once and another thing another time."

Green blinds that have become faded may be renewed by rubbing them with a rag saturated with linseed

Webster's Clear Havanas

In 10 Sizes

If you expect to cater to High Class Trade you must be able to Deliver the Goods when called upon. WEBSTER'S CLEAR HAVANAS will do the trick.

Webster's Cigars are Hygienic Cigars

For Sale at a'l Leading Cigar Stores

ADVERTISING RATES:
——CONDENSED——

25 Words one insertion 25c
25 Words three insertions 35c
15 Words one week 50c
15 Words one month$2.00

Extra words at same rate. No ad. accepted for less than 25c.

These rates apply to ads such as Help Wanted, Situations Wanted, Situations Wanted, Board Wanted, Room Wanted, House to Rent, Houses for Sale, Articles for Sale.

SITS VACANT

WANTED—WOMAN TO DO WASHING weekly. Call at 305 Clara street. 40

VIOLETT AND MILBURN—EMPLOYMENT Bureau. Wanted, teamsters, bushmen, lumen, camhook men, cooks, whitaresses, dishwashers, chambermaids, etc. 766 First St. Telephone 4134. Opposite Royal George Hotel.

INTERNATIONAL EMPLOYMENT AGENCY —Work of all kinds for all kinds of men. Contractors' help a specialty. Trunks and baggage stored at moderate rates. 652 First Street. Telephone 1346.

WANTED TO BUY

WANTED—HEAVY TEAM OF MARES, 1,400 lbs. or thereabouts, must be sound in every particular. Apply Arthur Bloomer, Jasper Ave. west, or 512 Twelfth St. —36

FEED AND SALE STABLE—HAVING purchased the business known as the Queens Ave. Horse Exchange, we are prepared to buy, sell or exchange any class of horses. Also do a general feed business. Special attention given to the transient trade.
Queens Avenue Horse Exchange
J. G. Connell. T. M. Brown.
1 mo-n-16 419 Queens Ave.

TO RENT

TO RENT—OFFICE, CENTRALLY LOCATED, First street, within 100 feet of Jasper avenue. Rental reasonable. Light fixtures installed. Apply 622 First street. 40

TO RENT—COTTAGE IN WEST END, warm building, five rooms, rent $10 per month. Apply Killen & Gilbert, 557 First St.

TO RENT—STORE WEST END, GROWing locality, comfortable building, splendid opening for grocery, family trade, rent $20 per month. Apply Killen & Gilbert, 557 First St.

FOR SALE

$2600—356 FOURTH ST., 6-ROOMED modern house on 50 ft. lot. Time price for one week only. Apply Wade, 356 Fourth St., or phone 1004. —37

FOR SALE—THE BEST DRY SPRUCE and poplar wood. L. L. Duplessis, corner Third and Athabasca. Best quality. Phone 2158.

POOL AND BILLIARD TABLES, BOWLING Alley and Supplies, Barber fixtures and Show Cases always on hand. Scott Bros., 236 Jasper west.

FOR SALE—15 LOTS IN HEMPRIGGS—six of them facing St. Albert trail, close to Westminster, only $150 each. These lots are south of Alberta Ave., close to Inglewood. Why go miles out and buy at the same price. These are offered for a few days at this price and the lots are 45x140 feet.
APPLY DUCEY,
Phone 4155. 818 Namayo Ave.

INSURANCE

ROBERT MAYS—FIRE INSURANCE, ROOM 5, Crystall Blk., 42 Jasper Ave. W., Edmonton. Phone 1263.

VIAVI

VIAVI—OFFICE 1038 SYNDICATE AVE. Office hours 10 to 12 and from 2 to 4. Phone 2270. Mrs. J. W. Howard, manager.

TURKISH BATHS

CARD OF THANKS TO PATRONS, WHO liberally patronized me in times past, am about to service the coming winter, with baths and treatment which gives true satisfaction to all.—MADAME DE THO, 420 Namayo Ave., Phone 2674.

MUSIC

MISS BEATRICE CRAWFORD, TEACHER OF piano and accompanist. Studio: Alberta College, or phone 2267.

OSTEOPATHY

D. C. BLINN—OSTEOPATHANT, TREATS successfully all curable diseases. No drugs used. 241 Jasper Ave. W.-L. Hours: 9 to 5 and 6 to 9 p.m. Phone 4532.

UNDERTAKERS

ANDREWS & SONS—324 NAMAYO AVE., Edmonton, Alta. Phone 163 for Ambulance Service.

SURVEYORS

H. L. SEYMOUR—DOMINION LAND SURveyor, Civil Engineer, 205 Windsor Block. Phone 1113.

AUDITORS

NASH & SOARS
Auditors, Assignees, Liquidators and Appraisers.
203-4-5 Windsor Block.

ANDREW H. ALLAN—AUDITOR, ACcountant and Assignee, Receiver, Trustee, Adjuster, Liquidator. Rooms 7 and 8, Bonner Block, Spring Creek. An official auditor for Alberta. 28 Gariepy Block, Edmonton. Phone 1432.

ARCHITECTS

BARNES & GIBBS—REGISTERED ARchitects, 141 Jasper Ave. West, Edmonton. Phone 1361; P. O. Box 1875. H. Percy Barnes, F.R.I.A.C., A.A.A. C. Lionel Gibbs, M.S.A.A.A.A.

PHYSICIANS

A. B. MUNROE, M.D.C.M. (McGILL)—Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office: 259 Jasper West. Residence: 15 McDougall Court. Office phone: 4261. House phone: 4110.

MONEY TO LOAN

BOTH COMPANY AND PRIVATE FUNDS to loan on favorable terms. Mortgages purchased. W. L. May, 141 Jasper West.

STOCKS

CITY STOCK EXCHANGE—BROKERS OF legitimate listed and unlisted stock and securities. M. L. Miller, C. A. Clark, J. T. Armatage. 688-690 Jasper Ave. East. Telephone 4402.

SCRIP

SOUTH AFRICAN SCRIP—J. C. BIGGS & Co., 2 Windsor Block, phone 2361.

SCRIP FOR SALE—WE SELL SOUTH African scrip. Prompt delivery. Full information about land open for location. Supply always on hand. Hosier and Sutcliffe, 374 Jasper east, phone 4175 or 4028. —1-f-83.

WATCH REPAIRING.
D. LONDOW, EXPERT WATCHMAKER, Jeweler, and graduate optician. All work guaranteed, 633 First St.

LEGAL CARDS

RUTHERFORD, JAMIESON & GRANT, Barristers, solicitors, notaries, Hon. A. C. Rutherford, F. C. Jamieson, Chas. H. Grant, Edmonton, McDougal Court. Phone 4413. Strathcona, Imp. Bank Bldg. Phone 3422.

GARIEPY & LANDRY—BARRISTERS, Advocates, Notaries. Offices, Gariepy Block, Edmonton. Expert collection department. Money to loan. Wilfrid Gariepy, Hector L. Landry.

DAWSON, HYNDMAN & HYNDMAN—Advocates, Notaries, etc., Edmonton, Alta. Money to loan on real estate. Office, McDougall Blk. H. J. Dawson, J. D. Hyndman, H. H. Hyndman.

LAVELL & ALLISON—BARRISTERS, ETC. Bank of Commerce Chambers, Strathcona, Alta. John R. Lavell, W. B. Allison, N. C. Wilson.

EMERY, NEWELL, FORD, BOLTON & MOUNT, barristers, solicitors, notaries, etc., Edmonton, Alta. E. C. Emery, C. F. Newell, Frank Fort, K.C., S. E. Bolton, C. B. F. Mount. Offices: Canada Permanent Bldg., McDougall Avenue.

ROBERTSON, DICKSON & MACDONALD —Barristers and Solicitors, Edmonton and Ft. Saskatchewan. Office: 13 Jasper Ave. East. Money to Loan. H. H. Robertson, S. A. Dickson and J. M. Macdonald.

E. B. EDWARDS, K.C.—BARRISTER AND Solicitor. Norwood Block, Edmonton.

SHORT, CROSS, BIGGAR & COWAN—Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, etc. Offices: Merchants Bank Bldg. Money to loan. Wm. Short, K.C., Hon. C. W. Cross, O. M. Biggar, Hector Cowan.

SHORT, WOODS, BIGGAR & COLLISSON —Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, Merchants Bank Building, Edmonton. Wm. Short, K.C., S. B. Woods, K.C., O. M. Biggar, J. T. J. Collisson.

H. A. DICKEY—BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, Notary Public. Room 104, Windsor Block, Edmonton. Phone 2220.

E. S. McQUAID, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, Notary, Office Gariepy block, 124 McDougall Ave. Phone 4224. Edmonton, Alta. Money to loan.

OPTOMETRIST

MRS. MEADOWS, OPTOMETRIST, 131 Jasper west, over Johnston and Hubbs' jewelry store.

BUSINESS CARDS

I HAVE APPLICATION FROM THE OLD Country of competent house-keeper who desires a married passage to a situation in Edmonton. Who wants one ?
MRS. MOSHER'S EMPLOYMENT BUREAU. For women and girls, 617 Namayo Ave. Conscientious and careful attention guaranteed every applicant. Phone 4337. 42—502

MRS. COOK, TRAINED NURSE, HAS changed her residence to 616 Isabella St. Phone 2196. —37

THE NAMAYO TRADING CO., AUCTIONeers, 341 Namayo Ave. Phone 1028; furniture sales a specialty.

DISTRIBUTORS, LIMITED, MANUFACTURers' agents, Commission Merchants, warehousemen; consignments solicited and prompt returns made. P. O. Drawer 1002, Edmonton, Alta. Telephone 1528. 755 Fourth St. Track connections with all railroads.

PHONE 3496. RELIABLE MESSENGERS. Prompt delivery. Jones' 648 First St.

OUTFITTERS—DAVIES CO., CAMP OUTfitters, outdoor purveyors, complete outfits and supplies for surveyors, sportsmen, prospectors, summer campers, and others leading an outdoor life; tarpaulins and bags made to order. 52 McDougall Ave., south of Jasper.

ST. GEO. JELLETT—REGISTRAR BIRTHS, marriages and deaths; phone 1561, 314 Jasper Ave., Edmonton, Alta. Agent for "Royal," "Quebec" and "Commercial Union" fire insurance companies. Canada Accident company.

WESTERN CARTAGE CO., 736 FOURTH St., phone 1528. Furniture, pianos, safes and freight of all kinds handled by experienced and responsible men; light express delivery work.

TRANSFER

NAMAYO EXPRESS AND TRANSFER — Meets all trains. Orders taken at 336 Namayo avenue. Phone 4234.

STANDARD EXPRESS COMPANY, 636 First street. Telephone 1455. Express, baggage and freight. All kinds of teaming. Employment office in connection. Help supplied on short notice.

REAL ESTATE

STRATHCONA INVESTMENT CO.
Office phone: 2017. Residence phone: 32C0
235 Whyte Ave. East, Strathcona.
FARM SNAPS.

160 ACRES, 9 MILES FROM HUSTLING Railroad town, 18 miles from Edmonton, 3-4 mile to school, telephone in house. This is A1 farming land. Improvements worth $2,500.00. There is a new barn on this, built of frame and cost $1,100, has 25 stalls and 2 box stalls. Price $4,000; terms, cash, balance in 3 yearly payments. If you want 320 acres we can sell you another quarter close to this for $12.50 per acre, $400 cash, balance 10 yearly payments. More than 200 acres open land ready for the plow on the two quarters.

160 ACRES, 4 miles from hustling town on C.N.R. main line; has 10 acres scrub and small poplar; 65 acres cultivated; all fenced, 9 wires and willow posts; 1 1-2 storey house 16x24, plastered; 2 barns; bored well, with fine clear water. Soil the very best black loam, with clay subsoil. Price $20.00 per acre; terms, $1,500 cash, balance to suit purchaser at 6 per cent.

DO YOU WANT A GOOD FARM ON ONE OF the finest lakes in Alberta? 155 acres on the lake several miles square, with white sand bottom and beach, fine fish in lake weighing as much as 30 lbs. and in large numbers; fine boating and duck shooting. The best black loam, with clay subsoil. Price $20.00 per acre; terms, $1,500 cash, balance to suit purchaser at 6 per cent.

DO YOU WANT A GOOD FARM IN ONE OF the finest districts in Alberta? 155 acres on the lake several miles square, with white sand bottom and beach, fine fish in lake weighing as much as 30 lbs. and in large numbers; fine boating and duck shooting. The best black loam, with clay subsoil. Price $20.00 per acre; terms, $1,500 cash, balance to suit purchaser at 6 per cent.

160 ACRES, 12 MILES FROM EDMONTON, cuts 40 tons hay; good soil. Price $8.00 per acre, $350 cash, balance 1, 2, 3 and 4 years, at 7 per cent.

320 ACRES, 24 MILES FROM EDMONTON, will be 3-4 mile from Strathcona-Camrose C.N.R. line; 35 acres cultivated; $40 acres fenced; fair buildings; 3-4 mile from fine lake with sand bottom and beach where you can have fine boating and the best of fishing and duck shooting. 200 acres open land, good soil. Price $11.50 per acre, terms.
STRATHCONA INVESTMENT CO.
Phone 3017 Residence Phone 32C9
235 Whyte Ave. East, Strathcona.

J. J. TULL, REAL ESTATE.
Phone 2073. 420 Namayo Ave.
TWO LOTS ONLY HALF A BLOCK FROM Norwood school for $475 each. One-third cash, balance six and twelve months.
SIX-ROOMED COTTAGE AND CHOICE lot on Namayo Ave. for only $1,800 cash.
LOT ON SYNDICATE AVE. NEAR JASPER for $1,100. Terms arranged.
HALF-ACRE IN FAIRVIEW FOR $950.
A DOUBLE CORNER IN WESTWARD, ON Second St. for $800.
I HAVE A CLIENT WHO WISHES TO EXchange a good quarter section of land for a house and lot in east end of city.
I HAVE SEVERAL GOOD MODERN houses in all parts of the city. Some excellent values will be found in my list.

REAL ESTATE

H. MILTON MARTIN
23 Jasper Avenue East.
REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE, ETC.
SEVEN ROOMED HOUSE IN DELTON near Alberta Ave. Water and light, $1,500, $200 cash, balance easy.
SIX ROOMED HOUSE, OTTAWA AVE., near to Jasper, only $1800.
LOT ON SIXTEENTH ST. BETWEEN JASper and Victoria, $2,000.
SEVERAL GOOD BUYS IN NORWOOD ETC.
THREE SMALL HOUSES FOR SALE.

THE CANADIAN INVESTMENT CO., LTD.
304 Jasper Ave. West.
1—TWO OF THE BEST VIEW LOTS IN Garneau, $2,650.
2—7-ROOM HOUSE IN WEST END, fully modern, $4,200.
3—GOOD MODERN HOUSE TO EXCHANGE for farm land.
4—SEVERAL SNAPS ON FIRST ST.
5—WE HAVE THE LARGEST LIST OF FARMING LAND IN THE CITY.
6—WE HAVE A BUYER FOR A HOUSE IN Great Estate.
THE CANADIAN INVESTMENT CO., LTD.
30 Jasper Ave., West.

KILLEN & GILBERT
557 First Street.
THREE MODERN HOUSES IN WEST END; eight roomed house $5,800 near Jasper Ave. on car line; eight roomed house on Jasper Ave. $5,200; five roomed cottage on View Lot, $5,650; these can all be bought on easy terms.
A GOOD DOUBLE CORNER IN BLOCK 9, Norwood for $800 cash. Lots 29 to 34. See our List of Great Estate Lots.

M. RUNNALLS & CO.
Real Estate Brokers.
140 Jasper West, Edmonton, Alta.
GROAT ESTATE
FEW GOOD LOTS IN BLOCKS 20, 33, 10 and 15 at prices from $1,500 to $1,800. Terms—Half cash, balance 6 and 12 months.
INGLEWOOD
FIVE LOTS IN BLOCK 38. PRICE $250 each.
TEN GOOD LOTS IN BLOCKS 28, 34, 38. Price $300 each. Terms easy.
FIVE ACRES IN BREMNER ESTATE. Price $1,000.
MONEY TO LOAN.
M. RUNNALLS & CO.
140 Jasper West, Edmonton, Alta.

A. RONALD
141 Jasper W. Phone 2656
WANTED—TWENTY TIE MAKERS FOR my tie camp west of Edmonton. Best of timber and highest prices for ties.
A. RONALD
Real Estate and Loans,
141 Jasper West.

HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE, PONOKA, ALTA.

TENDERS FOR FURNISHINGS.
Sealed tenders addressed to John Stocks, Deputy Minister of Public Works, Edmonton, Alta., registered and indorsed, "Tenders for Furnishing," will be received up to 12 o'clock noon, January 31st, 1911, for the supply and delivery F.O.B. Ponoka, of:
(a)—Kitchen and Bakery Equipment.
(b)—Hospital Equipment.
(c)—Office Furniture, General Furniture, Institution and Hospital Beds, Window Shades.
(d)—Silverware and Cutlery.
(e)—Laundry and Toilet Supplies.
(f)—Hardware.
(g)—Dry Goods.
(h)—Crockery and Glassware.
for the furnishing of the Hospital for the Insane at Ponoka.
Specifications, Forms of Tender and other particulars may be had at the Engineer's Office, New Parliament Buildings, Edmonton, or at the Branch Office of the Public Works Department, Fourth St. West, Calgary.
Tenders for Window Shades to be erected from plans at other material F.O.B. Ponoka Station.
Tenders may tender on all or any of the items in the schedule, and tenders may be awarded for one or any number of items in the bid at the prices quoted, as may be desirable.
Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque payable at par Edmonton to the Deputy Minister of Public Works for the amount of five per cent. of the total tender submitted.
Should any contracts be awarded the successful bidders will be required to deposit at once a marked cheque made payable as above equal to twenty per cent. of their contract as a bond for the faithful execution of their contracts.
The cheques of unsuccessful bidders will be returned within six days after contracts are executed.
The right is reserved to reject any or all bids or to waive any defects.
JOHN STOCKS,
Deputy Minister of Public Works.
Dated at Edmonton, this 19th day of January, 1911.

NOTICE TO ARCHITECTS
Rules and regulations governing competition for the Exhibition Association's Stock Pavilion may be seen at Room 8, McDougall Court Building, Edmonton.
A. G. HARVIE,
Secretary.

TENDERS
Edmonton, January 23, 1911.
Will be received by the undersigned until noon, the 10th day of February, 1911, for the erection of a brick and stone ninety-roomed hotel on Jasper Avenue. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
H. A. MAGOON,
Architect, Credit Foncier Bldg.

A Swedish politician tells the following story as illustrating the inconveniences attached to campaigning in certain sections of the country.

Upon his arrival at a small town, where he was to make a speech the following day, he found that the so-called hotel was crowded to the doors.

Not having telegraphed for accommodations, the politician discovered that he would have to make shift as best he could. Accordingly, he was obliged for that night to sleep on a wire cot which had only some blankets and a sheet on it.

As the politician is an extremely fat man, he found his improvised bed anything but comfortable.

"How did you sleep?" asked a friend in the morning.

"Fairly well," answered the fat man. "But I looked like a waffle when I got up."

As Jones wended his uncertain way homeward he pondered ways of concealing his condition from his wife. "I'll go home and read," he decided. "Whoever heard of a drunken man reading a book?"

Later Mrs. Jones heard a noise in the library. "What in the world are you doing in there?" she asked.

"Reading, my dear," Jones replied cheerfully.

"You old idiot!" she said scornfully, as she looked in at the library door, "shut up that valise and come to bed."

NEWS OF THE SPORTING WORLD

ATTENDANCE IS MUCH SMALLER

Receipts in Majors Will Show Decrease When Figures are Compiled.

When the attendance figures for 1910 are tabbed up, it will be found that not as many fans as usual passed through the turnstiles of the major league parks. Probably no club has lost money, though the Philadelphia Nationals will come out on the wrong end, caused by the owners dallying with the Hippodrome business. There was a Hippodrome on Forbes field, Pittsburg, but Barney Dreyfuss did not run the show, and merely rented the park at night to the theatrical purveyors. In the Quaker city, however, Horace Fogel, presumably representing the Taft-Murphy interests, ran the show himself, and whatever money the Philadelphia ball club made was lost in the Hippodrome.

The Chicago Cubs undoubtedly made more money this year than any other National or American league club. The Peerless Leader's combination was a strong attraction everywhere, and if Saturday dates had not been lost here and in Brooklyn on the first eastern trip, a new attendance record for a club for a season might have been hung up. A man who ought to know says that C. Webb Murphy and his associates in the Windy City cam cleared about $250,000 on the season without taking into account the money that was received from the world's series.

In the National league the Pirates and Giants have done fairly well, but neither team has drawn as it drew in 1909, when Jupiter Pluvius was kinder to the magnates than he was this year. The Corsairs have done a big business on the road and played to fair crowds at home. The Polo Grounders have been potent box office attractions in Chicago, Pittsburg, Brooklyn and St. Louis, and President Brush has no complaint to make of the way the team has been patronized at home, though he probably sighs when he thinks of how much cash escaped by the actions of the Storm King in the early part of the season.

The St. Louis Cardinals made a lot of money for their owner, M. Stanley Robinson, the Mound City fans resenting the actions of Robert Lee Hedges and inserting a bunch of minor leaguers to represent them in the American league. The Kajahs played good ball in the early part of the season, and the four games they won from the Giants on the first trip of the New Yorks to the west helped them to establish a clientele that they kept almost all year.

Robinson paid big money to land players, while Hedges didn't, and the fans of St. Louis got the idea that the owner of the Browns was in the business only for the coin he could make out of it.

It was about an even stand-off in New York on patronage between the Giants and the Highlanders. The crowds at the polo grounds on Saturdays possibly were larger than those that journeyed to the Hilltop park for the week-end, but the daily turnouts to see the Highlanders were larger than those that watched the Giants perform. The Hilltoppers probably made more money at home this year than ever before.

Athletics Got Quaker Cream.

In Philadelphia the American league had the cream of the patronage and in Boston the conditions were the same. In Chicago the Cubs drew more persons to their games than the White Sox, but Old Roman Comiskey is not complaining about poverty or poor attendance, while C. Webb Murphy got real peeved when he noticed the big turnouts at the new south side park and inserted an advertisement in the newspapers after the Highlanders and the Sox played before a crowd said to have been above the 32,000 mark, which read as follows:

"Baseball—To-day at 3, West Side Park. Cubs vs. St. Louis. Chicago is all right as a show town if you don't get the goods—the 'Cubs' have no kick on attendance"

Few magnates announce the real attendance at the games, preferring to let the scribes guess at it. It is a certainty that only one or two ball yards in all Chicago known town if you don't get the goods—the 'Cubs' have no kick on attendance" Highlanders for Frank J. Farrell or the Athletics for Benjamin F. Shibe, Comiskey's team has prospered at home and shared in some big gates on the road. Washington has had a great season, which is made so in fact that Jim McAleer has been re-engaged as the Senators' pilot for the next three years at an annual stipend of $10,000 and has been presented with a block of stock, besides. The Nats have prospered, and the only club that hasn't made a good-sized sum is St. Louis.

There is one redeeming feature about the grand game of curling which is noticeable above all other lines of sport. It is the fact that when a man reaches the age of thirty-five or forty he does not lose the cunning and skill which is noticeable in men of this age in nearly every other sport, with probably the exception of cricket or golf. A hockey player, lacrosse exponent, boxer, wrestler, and the many other kind of athletes generally meet with their greatest success between the ages of 20 and 30. But in curling it is different as one will find men who were stars at the age of 25 still performing in the same sensational manner at the 50 year mark.

REMARKABLE CONDITIONS IN PROVINCIAL LEAGUE

Disbanding of Strathcona Team Will Have Far-Reaching Effects—Charges of Professionalism Against Short Campbell —Doc Gibson's Share in the Confusion—Other Sensational Developments Expected.

The dropping out of the Strathcona hockey team from the provincial league is going to have farther reaching effects than are at the start apparent. The immediate results will probably be disastrous to the Edmonton district. This part of the league is about as flat as it can possibly go now but Strathcona's action will put the kibosh on all hopes of the fans that real senior hockey will be played this season. Coupled with this "cold feet" action, the fact that two of the players, the two best, are going to Calgary, to play with the Tigers there, the sensational charges of professionalism made against Short Campbell, the star cover point of the Deconis, and the protest of the Strathcona team immediately after they were defeated by the Deacons—a protest which it is rumored, and the rumor appears to be well founded, that was made at the instigation of Doc Gibson, the president of the league, manager of the Tigers, and the referee at that notable game, although directly contrary to what are said to have been his utterances on the ice that night, and which is the immediate cause of the whole trouble—makes the situation not merely a menace to the entire provincial league, but a disgrace to amateur sport in Alberta.

The action of the Strathcona team is not a new thing for a Strathcona club to take. Soccer players will remember what they did the past two seasons in the football league. It is scarcely worthy of comment and anything that could be said about it would be not only unpleasant but acrimonious. It might be well, however, for the Edmonton clubs when they endeavor to form a league for the purpose of encouraging sport to exclude them from it.

That two players of the Strathcona team can go to Calgary admittedly to play with the Tigers there a few days after the manager of that team has been in Strathcona refereeing the game that put the Strathcona septet out of the running is a remarkable condition to exist in amateur sport. Although Doc Gibson will doubtless deny that either of the players are going there at his suggestion it will be difficult to make any of the fans believe that he had nothing to do with their transfer. That the constitution of the league should permit players to move about on such short notice is contrary to all precedent in senior hockey. At the start of the season players had to be resident of the town for which they played ten days before the league opened. Since then it appears to have been changed.

If the charges of professionalism made against Short Campbell are sustained it will mean that the Deacons will be thrown out of the league. That would be disastrous.

The protest of the Strathcona team will be of no avail now. Whether it may win or lose it it will have no effect on the league since they have no team to play again. It was stated by the players immediately after the game that Doc Gibson, the referee for the night had said that Campbell's temporary card was perfectly satisfactory and that he had assured the Scona boys that no harm would result from his playing. It is later stated by a man in a position to know that he advised certain members of the board of control of the Strathcona club to protest the game on that very ground which he had assured the players was perfectly right at the time of the match.

Considered from all sides the situation is a remarkable one.

RAGGED ROLLING IN BOWLING GAME

Olympics and Giants Play Loose and Uninteresting Game Last Night.

A rather ragged bowling match was played at the Olympic Alleys last night when the Giants and the Olympics clashed. There was not much good rolling done during the night. The Olympics had only four men in the game so that the Giants kitted the lowest score in each of their games to even up. Following are the scores:

Giants			
Luce	189	147	156— 492
Baldwin	179	153	157— 489
Coombs	156	188	205— 549
Simonton	164	202	220— 586
	658	690	738—2086
Olympics			
McCallum	111	*127	134— 477
Hern	153	145	155— 453
King	194	140	131— 460
Smith	164	178	*125—467
Picknick	*144	150	170— 464
	727	613	595—2321

The asterisk before a number means that that score was left out to even the match.

SPORT SPARKLETS

Pete Marquard couldn't beat a woman throwing with his right hand, but he is a southpaw only in baseball. He is a right-handed caterer, writer, bowler and pool player. He is a good bowler.

Detroit scribes maintain that Matty McIntyre was turned over to the Chicago White Sox for the waiver price, $1,500. If that is so, there are about seven managers in the American league fit for the boob ward. McIntyre is a better outfielder than half the American league clubs can boast. —New York American.

That is quite a different attitude from the one taken last summer. The Detroit club asked waivers on McIntyre. Every club in the league waived. In other words there was not a club willing to pay as much as $1,500 for McIntyre.

FLAHERTY TALKS

Flaherty, writing to an American paper has some remarks to make about the Western Canada League, 1910. Here they are:

"I was an umpire the past season up here in the Western Canada league, and it was the rawest of minor leagues. The material was very much bush. However, Bresnahan, of the Cardinals, has some young fellows, Morse, shortstop, and Dell, pitcher, from the Edmonton club and both look mighty good. 'Moose' Baxter, first baseman of the Edmonton club, is one of the league's best hitters. An umpire fined him $10 for kicking, when quick as a flash Baxter replied:

"'Why, you can't fine me, the pitcher ain't in the box.'

"'You're right,' said the umps, 'but I'll get you some time when he is in the box and then I'll fine you.'"

NEGROES ONLY

Lexington, Ky., Jan. 24.—Despite the fact that it has been held against the law to exhibit the Jeffries-Johnson fight pictures in Kentucky, Mayor John Skain today granted permission to a local theatre which caters to colored patrons. However, there is a clause in the permission stating that negroes only can view the pictures. Policemen will be stationed at the door of the theatre to see that no white people are permitted to enter.

For the first time last season Walter Johnson, the Washington pitcher, won more than half of his games. His record was 25 won, 17 lost.

COMPETITIONS ARE NARROW'NG

Grand Challange and Tucketts Are in the Fourths—Will Finish Spiel Tomorrow.

Several of the competitions will come to a close within a few days. They have worked it down to the fourths in the Grand Challenge. Those remaining in this competition now are McKillop, Freeze, Sheppard, Telford, Walsh, Ritchie, Pingle and Tarrant. It is possible that the finals will be played off today.

The Tucketts also is down to the fourths the ones still in it being Bowen, McLeod, Massie, Horton, Parle, Smith, Fletcher and McKillop.

McKillop, a Calgary curler is doing perhaps the best curling at the bonspiel. He is entered in almost every competition except the Consolation and the District and is keeping well up in them all. The Strathcona curlers are staying with it also better than the Edmonton men.

One of the reasons why the bonspiel will take over time to finish up is that so many of the rinks have entered in a majority of the competitions.

There will be no curling tonight, a holiday from the game being taken to allow the Scotch curlers to attend the Burns Banquet in the separate school hall. It is anticipated that the attendance at this affair will be the largest ever received in this city.

The District competition was started this morning and it is expected that it will be finished tomorrow or Friday. Many of the visiting curlers who have been knocked out of everything have left the city returning to their homes in other towns.

THREE FOR WOLGAST

Cadilac, Mich., Jan. 24.—While Jack O'Brien of Philadelphia, was here last week he signed Ad. Wolgast, lightweight champion for three fights, the latter announced last night. The battles are to be of six rounds each, and will be with "Knockout" Brown, Battling Nelson and either Owen Moran or Packy McFarland. The first will be on February 8, with McFarland or Moran. Next will come Brown for February 18. Six days later Battling Nelson will be taken on. Wolgast says he will get $5000 for each appearance.

Charles B. Adams, Pitsburg pitcher, hero of the 1909 world's series, has signed his contract.

The New York Highlanders have signed Ernest Burbank, a left handed pitcher of Hampton.

W. R. ("Tex.") Jones has just signed with the White Sox. He will be thoroughly tried out in the first base position, Jones played with the St. Joe, Mo., team of the Western League last year and hit .398. He was the best fielding first sacker of the company.

JOHNSON IS READY

Pitsburg, Jan. 24.—Jack Johnson tonight forced $10,000 to $5,000 that he could knock out either Al Kaufman or George Cotton, the champion is willing to fight the moment the contest is arranged and agrees to box in less than ten rounds or forfeit $10,000. As to Kaufman, Johnson was not specific excepting to state that he would want four weeks in which to prepare.

Frank Isbell, manager of the Wichita club, of the Western league, is about the only magnate of the circuit who is not having the life worried out of him by his players. Isbell signed the majority of his athletes early last fall, and is now ready to open the campaign. The other managers deferred coming to terms with the pastimers before the beginning of the new year. The result seems to be a sort of general conspiracy to hold up the club owners.

PITCHER SKEELS SOLD TO VANCOUVER

Davy Skeels, the Indian, who pitched sensational ball for the Moose Jaw and Regina teams several times last summer, has been sold by Detroit to the Vancouver club of the Pacific coast league. Skeels was drafted by Jennings' club at the close of last season.

FOUR TEAM LEAGUE

A Calgary paper has the following to say about the formation of a four team league.

If the Alberta league or the international do not materialize, the two Winnipeg and Brandon representatives state that they would favor a four-team league composed of Edmonton, Calgary, Brandon and Winnipeg, but it is doubtful if there is any sincerity in what they state. However, Calgary is in the position now that simply means they will consider some before taking a wild-goose chase to Winnipeg, even if the above proposition does look somewhat bright from a league stand point.

Shuster stated on Saturday that he believed Calgary was working a scheme to get this four-team league, viz., Calgary, Edmonton and the two Manitoba cities, going, but he could not tell us right then that it wouldn't work, and there was no use depending on it. He further stated that he had everything settled for the six-team league in the east. "If that league don't go," he said, "I will form an international league composed of Saskatoon, Regina, Moose Jaw, Minot, Baxter, and Valley Falls, but the other league is almost sure to go, for the cities are there."

JOHNSON'S TROUBLES

Jack Johnson, failing to get his name in the papers, issued a challenge which was promptly accepted by Sam Langford. The champion is to get $10,000 as his bit for a six-round bout in Philadelphia three weeks hence.

It was over in Pittsburg that the publicity promoters failed to recognize Johnson. One whole day he tried his best to get arrested for automobile speedings in Pittsburg. Jack "put 'er on the high," as soon as he discovered a "copper," and flashed by in almost nothing. The cop didn't even look after him.

Puzzled, Johnson sought out a few more minions of the law and tried the same experiment. None of the bebelmeted guardians of the peace paid any attention to him, and after he had nigh frozen himself still by speeding past policemen, Johnson made inquiries. He learned that the police had decided to refuse to assist in advertising the champion by arresting him. An eyewitness avers that Johnson turned pale, but then immediately the comforting thought occurred to him that maybe the "copers" in smoky Pittsburg couldn't distinguish him from the surrounding atmosphere. Johnson departed with a hopeful heart and forthwith issued his challenge.

It was sometime before Johnson was noticed through the medium of Mrs. Jack. They presently went from Boston to New York city on a limited train. Two old ladies sat behind the oddly-mated pair in the parlor car, and when Mrs. Johnson suddenly showed a hand covered with diamonds they summoned the grinning porter.

"Who is that colored man?" they asked.

"What did he ever do?"

"He whipped Misto Jim Jeffrey."

"Who is Mr. Jeffrey?"

"A fighter."

"Did they fight in the street?"

"No, ladies, but in Reno, and Misto Johnsing got $140,000."

"Why, he must be a millionaire?"

"Yes, ladies. Those diamonds his wife wears are worth half a million." And the porter hurried away to brush some coats and hats, while Johnson, who had overheard the conversation, indulged in a golden smile.

REAL ESTATE

The flurry on First Street, north, has not abated, but is rather intensifying. We have re-listed property sold within the last three months and again sold it at a good advance.

We secured six more lots last night and have these already sold, so that purchasers being unable to secure more on First Street, are now transferring their attention to Namayo Avenue, on which we have an attractive list.

ALBERTA PARK

The above acreage is going steadily, four more blocks being closed today, so that it will only take two weeks to close out the whole subdivision if the present rate of sale is maintained.

Do not defer action until the choicer locations are all sold. We have already parties wanting blocks previously sold.

BUY NOW

Today's Offerings

Business Properties

A corner lot on Jasper Avenue West, for

$8000

An inside lot on Jasper Avenue West, closer in that above, for

$10.000.

Two lots on First Street North, the pair for

$1100.

Residential Properties

Two houses on a 50-ft. central lot, which will shortly be required for legal or business purposes, only

$10.000.

Choice lots in H. B. Reserve, South of Jasper Avenue from

$2250 TO $2600

A comfortable cottage on a choice residential lot, leaving room for a large house in addition,

$1000.

Farm Lands

A large list of improved farms, ranging in price from, per acre,

$6.50 TO $100.

Wild land in quarter sections, sections or in wholesale quantities, at, from, per acre,

$10 TO $18.

Oil Stocks

Nothing doing.

Scrip

Guaranteed S. A. and half-breed Scrip always on hand for immediate delivery.

Loans

Of any amount negotiated promptly at usual rates. Can we help you finance a deal?

YORK & McNAMARA

44 Jasper Ave. W.

TELEPHONE 1850

NEWS OF THE CITY

Hon. Duncan Marshall, who is at Olds this week, will return on Saturday to the city.

Premier Sifton, who is in attendance at the Forestry convention in Quebec, will return the latter part of next week.

A business meeting of the Sons of Scotland, Black Watch Camp, No. 202, was held in the Separate school hall last evening.

Suffering from sudden convulsions with which she was taken ill at a friend's home on Jasper avenue early this morning, Miss Christina Gilles died in the General hospital a short time afterwards. The funeral will take place from Connolly and McKinley's office.

The young people of the First Baptist church spent a very pleasant evening last night when a skating party was held at the Thistle rink. After the skating refreshments were served at the church. It is expected that another skating party will be held within a few days.

The annual Burns' supper will be held tonight in the Separate school hall under the auspices of the Edmonton Caledonian society. An excellent menu and programme of after-dinner speeches has been prepared and the event promises to be the most successful in the history of the club.

The Camrose Canadian produced a special number of exceptional merit last week, dealing entirely with the merits of the "Rose City" and district immediately surrounding. The special contains a mine of information, is well illustrated, and is a credit to the publishers and the city in which it was produced.

The young peoples circle of Westminster Presbyterian church will give a bun concert and social evening in the church on Monday evening, January 30th at eight o'clock. A good programme is being prepared. Refreshments will be served. A cordial invitation is extended to strangers. Admission free.

Joseph Carr, who resigned his position as chief clerk in the street railway department to go into partnership with J. Dallow in the real estate business on First street returned to the city this morning from a business trip to Tofield.

The plan of the narrow strip of property north of the hay market, which the council decided to offer for sale some time ago, has now been registered. The council in response to a request from owners of adjacent property, agreed to give them the first opportunity of acquiring the land.

FRATERNAL

Edmonton Council, No. 491, C.O.C.F., held a splendid social evening last night in Oddfellows hall, Namayo avenue. Nine candidates were initiated and a business meeting was followed by a program and refershments.

The officers installed were: P. C., Thos. Nesbitt; C. C., Dr. J. A. McGibbon; vice-councillor, Mrs. T. Nesbitt; recorder, Lorne Pull; treasurer, Miss Annie Lyons; prelate, Mrs. M. J. Lyon; marshal, Alex D. Cranston; warden, Miss G. Paterson; guard, Douglas Roy. Provincial organizer J. H Mallett presided, assisted by G. F. Watcher.

DENOMINATIONAL

The Beulah Mission will hold its third anniversary on Thursday evening in their hall on the corner of Fraser and Sutherland streets, to which the public are cordially invited.

The annual meeting of the congregation of All Saints' church will be held in the schoolroom, adjoining the ately after the usual Wednesday evening church, at 8.30 this evening, immediately service.

P. E. Butchart, chairman of the school board, and W. H. Clark, member of the board of trustees, left this morning for Wetaskiwin, where they will be in attendance at the annual convention of school trustees for the province, which will be in session today and tomorrow.

The third annual banquet of the Young Men's Christian association will be held in the association building on Tuesday, January 31st, at 6.30 sharp. A general invitation to all members and their friends is extended. The annual report of the work of the various departments during the year 1910 will be presented at this gathering and officers will be elected for the year 1911.

QUESTION OF PRINCIPLE.

"A question of principle in the management of the city's business, involving daily routine," is the basis of Commissioner Bouillon's minority report to the council last evening, advising that the present power house superintendent be not sent east with the proposed delegation of civic officials, to investigate the power question.

Superintendent McNaughton, questioned by the Capital, had no comment to make on the commissioner's recommendation. "It was not a suggestion of my own that a delegation be sent east," Mr. McNaughton said.

ILLUSTRATED LECTURE ON TOWN PLANNING

Will Be Delivered in August Under Auspices of the Alberta Medical Association

An illustrated lecture on housing and town planning will form a feature of the convention of the Alberta medical association to be held in Edmonton in August. Dr. Hodges, medical adviser to the commission, of conservation, has accepted the invitation o the association, and the secretary, Dr. Whitelaw, has just received intimation of the subject with which Dr. Hodges will deal when he appears before the convention. His adress on housing and town planning, upon which he is an authority of continental repute, will be of a public character.

Other distinguished medical men of the east who will speak before the convention of the Alberta association in August are Dr. McPhadren, professor of Medicine in the University of Toronto, will deliver the address on medicine, and Dr. Will Mayo, of Rochester, who will deliver the address on surgery.

There will be other medical men of wide reputation in attendance at the convention, but up to the present replies have been received from these three only.

SOCIAL

The next fortnightly dance of "A" squadron, [illegible], will be held in the Separate school hall, commencing at 8.00 p.m., Monday the 30th inst.

The Local Council of Women will hold their annual meeting tomorrow in the Y.W.C.A. assembly hall. The morning session begins at half past ten o'clock and the afternoon session at two o'clock. All women interested in the work of the council are welcome, and a specially interesting meeting is promised.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

ROYAL GEORGE.

L. Jamison, Medicine Hat; W. H. Fread, Hardisty; Geo. B. Loors, Gadshy; G. Parker, Seymour; J. J. Battler, Edson; H. Stetson, J. Montgomery, Carl Morris, M. McCallahan, M. Brown, J. Brickman, Strathcona; C. J. Fennel, Calgary; P. Z. Venice, Edson; J. H. Bishopric, Mr. and Mrs. T. Deffries, C. McKenzie, Ryley.

YALE HOTEL.

H. Sancier, L. Lurelb, E. D. McMartin, Camrose; T. W. Robinson, Winnipeg; E. T. McKee, Leduc; H. M. Reesmany, Millet; Lister Zohart, Peace Creek; H. Martin, Winnipeg; D. Dickson, Winburn, W. Wright, Innisfree.

MAY WITHDRAW FROM ASSOCIATED BOARDS

Question Will be Dealt With at Next Regular Board of Trade Meeting.

The board of trade at its next regular meeting will consider a motion by Jas. McGeorge, to withdraw from the associated boards of trade of Western Canada.

Mr. McGeorge gave notice of this motion at the annual meeing of the board yesterday. Several members of the board are dissatisfied with the maner in which the affairs of the associated boards have been handled. Last year this dissatisfaction resulted in the Edmonton board refusing to send delegates to the annual convention of the associated boards on the ground that resolutions presented and passed at the previous convention had never been properly handled, or forwarded to the proper persons to whom they were directed.

The Edmonton board has been a member of the associated boards association since its organization.

ANNUAL MEETING OF ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY

The annual meeting of the above society was held in the Oddfellow's hall, on Monday evening the 23rd inst. There was a very large attendance of members and the meeting was characterized by harmony and good fellowship.

Mr. C. C. Batson, of the firm of Pheasey & Batson, contractors, was elected by acclamation to fil lthe presidential chair for the ensuing year and will be ably supported by the three following gentlemen, Mr. G. W. Boughton, 1st, vice-president, Mr. A. Parish, 2nd vice-president, Mr. A. J. Betts, 3rd vice-president. Mr. E. C. Hocken, of the Dominion bank, was re-elected treasurer and Mr. C. J. Lakey, the Hon. secretary.

The board of management elected for this year consists of Messrs. A. H. Williams, James Murphy, A. W. Challand, A. Hindle, Geo. Pheasey, C. L. Gibbs, A. Hinson and G. W. Foster. The retiring board of management were thanked for their past services as was also the retiring president Mr. A. W. Challand, who was accorded quite an ovation from the members present on his vacating the chair in favor of his successor.

The society at the request of the Grand Council, have adopted a regalia and also a ritual, which will add more interest to the meetings and will cause each member to take a more personal interest in the work of the society.

At the next meting of the society, all the members will be sworn in and will subscribe to the oath, the nature of which maintains the integrity of the empire and loyalty to the king emperor of these realms.

After the regular business had been transacted, several songs and musical pieces were given and the meeting was closed in the usual way by the singing of the national anthem.

NEWS FROM THE SISTER CITY

REPORT SHOWS ARREARS ARE REMARKABLY SMALL

Only $339 Dollars Due the City for Water Service Compared With $4,281 in 1909—Demand Half-Hour Sunday Car Service

Strathcona, Jan. 25.—The good result from a systematic collection campaign as waged by city officials was shown in a report presented to council last night in which was set forth the fact that there was only the sum of $339.91 in arrears to the city for water service at the beginning of the present year. Since the amount outstanding at the end of 1909 was $4,281.84, with a considerable portion of this amount composed of supposedly bad debts, the showing for 1910 is excellent. Of the small sum at present in arrears there is at least $200 which is sure money, the remainder looking on the list like absolute losses.

Commenting on the reading of the report Mayor Davies remarked that the outstanding feature was the remarkable decrease recorded in the water charges for the year just closed. He thought that the water and sewer committee of the council of 10 should be very highly commended for the efficient way they had gone after the collection.

The report read was from the city engineer for the waterworks department of the year closed. Over three miles of mains were constructed, 195 water services were completed, 21 hydrants set in place and the number of consumers increased 179. Other matters were given in detail.

In its recommendations the report said: "In view of the large increase of consumers and the corresponding clerical work, the present system of handling accounts would appear to need revision and until such time as the growth of the department would warrant a separate official we would recommend that the work be turned over to the secretary-treasurer's department, where it could at present be more efficiently and carefully handled.

We are of the opinion that the water used for flushing sewers should be charged to sewer maintenance, that used for street sprinkling to the public works account, and would recommend that the rates be agreed upon by the respective committees.

In cases where standpipes are used we believe neighboring occupants are sometimes permitted to use same and we would suggest that provision be as this is detrimental to the revenue made for governing such. Also that in case of cattle being watered at a standpipe an additional pro rata charge should be made." This was signed by the city engineer and the secretary-treasurer. The report was adopted.

To Discuss Cars.

A letter was read from the Edmonton commissioners explaining that traffic in certain hours. The service better service cannot be given Strathcona on Sunday owing to the light is at present the same on the Sabbath in both cities. The commissioners differed with the Strathcona council in the opinion that the demands of the charter binding them for a half hour service on Sunday in this city. They felt that the charter has no effect excepting on week days. Alderman Calder said he had expert opinion that the charter is binding on Sundays and if its provisions are not to be lived up to by the street railway management he wanted to know what concessions are to be made in the stead. The mayor, Alderman Calder and city solicitor were appointed a special committee to meet the Edmonton commissioners.

Prof. Edwards presented a report on the installation of the sterilization plant with a statement appended of his charges and expense. The bill was for $152.75 which was exceptionally according to the mayor who thought the city had gotten off lightly in the matter of fees. "The work of Prof. Edwards is of such a character that it cannot be properly estimated in the currency of the realm," declared His Worship and council were agreeable passing the account without a dissenting voice.

A protest from Short, Cross, Biggar and Cowan, for their clients S. W. Candy and Company, in regard to the road across river lot 21 which they understood the city proposes closing, was referred to the public works committee and solicitor.

The first petition was presented from residents on First avenue north for a five-foot granolithic walk and boulevard on the north side of the avenue between Third and Fourth streets east. To public works.

Talk Horses.

Nearly three quarters of an hour were spent by the council in committee of the whole over a recommendation from Alderman Rankin, that the city purchase a team of heavy horses for public works use principally. The question resolved as to which method was the cheaper, to own the team or pay so much per day as in former years. At times the argument grew warm but the tension finally ended with the report being adopted. A motion from Alderman Richards that the public works and sewer committees doing the buying of the team for a stated sum was passed.

A by-law to borrow $107,000 on arrears of taxes was introduced by the finance committee and the third reading was given the measure.

Who Shall Shovel the Snow?

Alderman Calder wanted to know who was responsible for clearing the snow off the sidewalks. The question is at present troubling the public works committee but Alderman Rankin said the former system of having men shoved the principal walks would be followed when the weather becomes more settled." He reminded the council that the contract of keeping twenty miles of walk in the city clear of snow would be a very costly thing. Some of the aldermen were of the opinion that a snow-plow might be operated with good effect all over the town. "I have a small hand plow of my own make with which I clear along several lots after every snow and I can cover a good distance of walk in fifteen minutes," declared Alderman Richards. "Have you this machine patented?" quired the mayor drily. "Not yet" replied the senior member for ward one, "but it is an implement of some wonderful mechanism."

Alderman Vogal wanted to know about the intake pipe. Alderman Radford said a contract for the work had been let and work would begin Wednesday. The successful tender was Martin Cains, the contract price being for $4,200.

Aldermen Loughlin and Pollard were the absentees. Council adjourned at 10.30 o'clock.

SIX IMPORTANT BYLAWS TO BE VOTED UPON

(Continued from First Page.)

important reasons why the citizens should pass this bylaw tomorrow.

"With the improvements provided for by the by-law, Edmonton will have in its exhibition park one of the greatest means of publicity.

"Again, with the stock pavilion, the city will prove itself the stock centre of the province, in that it will have the best available facilities for stock exhibitions. The best cattle, the best horses, the best stock of all classes will come here in future years. The by-law means big things for the city, and the ratepayers would do a grave injustice to the city's progress if they voted it down."

To Purchase Industrial Sites.

Another by-law which is important is that which provides $91,250 to purchase industrial sites. The sites selected are 1 3-4 acres south of the C.N.R. and G.T.P. tracks, and five acres north of the tracks, in the east end, and 199 lots in Beechmount near the G.T.P.

It is the intention of the city to hold these for sale at reasonable prices to industrial projects. The city has adopted this principle before and it has proven successful. The board of trade will co-operate with the city in procuring industries for the city, after which the city will deal with them in regard to sites. The sites selected have most admirable railway facilities.

Jasper Avenue Subway

The sum of $12,450 is called for by the bylaw which provides for the payment of the city's share of widening the Jasper avenue subway. The cost of a 60-foot subway would be borne entirely by the Canadian Pacific railway, whose tracks will cross Jasper avenue between Eighth and Ninth streets. This was the purport of the original agreement, but it has since been realized by the council that a subway 60 feet wide at this point would in the very near future be too small for the traffic. It was suggested that the width should be increased to 80 feet at a cost of $5,500, but even this width was considered too small for future needs, and an additional $6,950 was called for to meet the cost of a subway 100 feet wide, bringing the total to $12,350.

Another bylaw which is framed with an eye to the great period of development which lies before the city, is the bylaw to raise the sum of $10,000 for the purpose of widening the bridge over the great ravine. Last year a bylaw was carried authorizing the construction on Athabasca avenue at this point of a 20-foot bridge, and the foundations of the bridge are now being laid in accordance with these plans, which are framed so as to allow of extension at any time. The passage of the bylaw will be make possible the construction of the bridge to a total width of 40 feet from the outset. It will cost in all $52,000, of which $25,000 is given by way of subsidy by Carruthers and Boland. A bylaw to raise $17,000 for the city's share of the construction of a 20-foot bridge was passed last year.

COUNCIL WILL DISCUSS GRAVITY WATER SCHEME

(Continued from page four)

penses, pending the passage of the annual grant.

A communication from the exhibition association urging the need of establishing union stock yards in the city, was filed.

An application by the United Aids for a grant of $3,500 was laid on the table.

Permission was granted for an extension of the C. N. R. spur track between Seventh and Eighth streets to the south side of Peace avenue, to give service to the property of Nicholson and Bayne, who propose to erect a 3 storey brick building, 140 x 50 feet, of mill construction, on the southwest corner of Peace and Eighth.

Accounts totalling $108,885.75 will be paid on recommendation of the finance committee.

Richard Deely was appointed officer under the Children's Shelter act, on recommendation of the special committee appointed last week.

DISTRICT COURT.

The district court finished the hearing of the small debt cases last night and this morning Judge Taylor left for Tofield for a special sitting of the court there to hear a number of other small debt cases. Following are the cases disposed of by the court yesterday.

Potter et al vs. Barber, action dismissed with costs reserved.

Royal Fruit Company vs. Darland. Judgment for the plaintiff for $18 and costs.

McDonald vs. Baldwin. Judgment reserved.

Fox vs. Coldren. Action dismissed with right to sue again.

Potter vs. Valentine. Judgment reserved.

McLellan vs. Western Cartage company. Judgment for the plaintiff, the defendants being ordered to pay.

Stennet vs. Miller. Judgment for the plaintiff for $45.

Anderson vs. Kalis. Judgment for the plaintiff for $10.50.

Carmichael vs. Hobson. Judgment for the plaintiff for $20.65 and interests amounting to $3.25.

ADVISES CITY NOT TO PAY DAMAGES

Dr. Whitelaw, medical officer of health, has written the commissioners, advising that Mr. Hoffman's proposal to settle his claim in respect to the death of his child at the isolation hospital last year, be not entertained. Dr. Whitelaw holds that the city was in no way responsible for the case of mixed infection, and his letter to the commissioners emphasises the points brought out last year, when the question was brought up by Mr. Hoffman's threat to sue the city for damages to the extent of $5,000. Mr. Hoffman now offers to settle with the city for $200, which he states is the amount of the funeral expenses.

Dr. Whitelaw contends that apart from the fact that Mr. Hoffman has no claim, the amount of $200 which he names as funeral expenses is altogether high. The medical officer cannot understand how so large a figure is arrived at in view of all the circumstances of the case.

"The only basis on which a grant could be made to Mr. Hoffman," said the doctor this morning, "would be one of charity."

YELLOWHEAD COAL MINING.

R. H. Morris, chief engineer of the Jasper Park colleries, is in the city today, a guest at the King Edward. He will leave shortly for the west, where he is superintending the work of development on the coal property in the Yellowhead.

The coal of the Jasper colleries is situated within the limits of Jasper Park in the Yellowhead, and on the main line of the Grand Trunk Pacific and Canadian Northern. Shipment of coal will commence towards the latter part of this year, when the G.T.P. is completed to the property. Andrew Laidlaw the millionaire of Spokane is behind the company.

J. Gabel, the Stony Plain man who was arrested yesterday by the mounted police on a charge of bigamy, appeared before Inspector Worsley at the mounted police barracks this morning. He was remanded until Thursday, February 1st. No evidence was taken on the case this morning.

AT THE EMPIRE.

Isreal Zangwill's great problem play "The Melting Pot" will be presented at the Empire theatre tonight by the Summers Stock company. This play enjoyed a run of three consecutive years in Chicago and received the most flattering comment. It has been said that it is the greatest work that Zangwill ever wrote and there is no doubt that it is. Mr. Summers has thoroughly rehearsed it, has secured all new and specially painted scenery as well as very elaborate electrical effects. The wardrobe was specially designed and is most handsome, and in the hands of this capable company there is every assurance of an excellent production. Seats are fast selling and those desiring to witness this play had best book early.

AT THE LYCEUM.

Every element which goes to make up a signal success is embodied in the production which the Sherman's Musical Comedy company purpose offering Edmonton theatre-goers, commencing Thursday at the Lyceum to wit: clever principals, excellent comedians, pretty girls with good voices, and a dancing ballet of eight girls who can dance; beautiful costumes, fine scenery and electrical equipment. Everything has been thought out and done to make this the musical hit of the season. The special numbers are culled from the musical hits of the original score. In fact the Sherman's Musical Comedy company is a prize packet of the entertainable kind, providing comedies of the merriest, jolliest and brightest of entertainments seen in Edmonton in many moons. The new bill for Thursday is Frank Daniel's famous cimic opera success, "The Ameer" which was one of Mr. Daniel's biggest hits. Emil Krusckike will be seen in the leading comedy with Happy Jack Westerman in the lead.

POLICE COURT.

The fate that awaited a would-be evangalist in the police court was the same as that which befalls all drunks in there. He was rounded up about 1.30 this morning while delivering a rousing sermon from a snow pile on Jasper avenue.

Walter R. Whitehead formerly a nurse at the Foley, Welsh and Stewart camp hospital at Big Eddy was sentenced to three months hard labor at Fort Saskatchewan by Police Magistrate Cowan this morning. Whitehead was convicted of stealing a suit case from John Campbell a guest at the Edmonton Hotel. In the suit case was several articles of clothing and forty dollars in cash. Whitehead sold the bag and entire contents including the money to a second hand dealer on Monday evening for $2.50.

David Dynluk and Mike, his brother, and the bosom companion of both, Nick Sambuk, three Galician gentlemen who were caught by Corporal Matchall of the mounted police this morning in the act of mining coal from the Strath Holgate Co.'s mine, pleaded guilty of theft before Inspector Worsley at 1.30 this afternoon.

TO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FOR SALE—SMALL STORE AND BUILDING on Jasper, low ground rent, good business for real estate. Will sacrifice on account of health. Worth $2000, will take $1250. Phone 2726. —11

HON. P. E. LESSARD, President. A. BOILEAU. Managing Director. LEO SAVARD Secretary.

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We Can Dispose of what you want to sell and supply what you Want to buy. Call and see:



This New, Modern 8-Room House, situated on a fine view lot on Seventeenth St.,

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